THE
Rutherford Star.
A Weekly Republican Paper,
Published every Thursday by
CARPENTER & LOGAN,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Rates of Subscription:
One Copy, 1 year..........$2.00
" " 6 months..........1.00
" " 3 " 75
To those who get up clubs of five or more subscribers, one copy will be furnished gratis.

The Rutherford Star.

"BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKETT.

VOL. III. RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. THURSDAY, AUGUST 12, 1869. NO. 27.

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POETRY.

A BLIGHTED LIFE.

At last the time has come when I must part,
From friends I've loved so long and love so well,
A sad, sad feeling lingers 'round my heart,
As from its depths there comes one word—farewell!

* * *

Farewell! sweet flowers that bloom in early Spring,
I give you up indeed with bitter pain,
Your early buds will bring the birds that sing
In choral gladness, 'round you once again.

* * *

I thought once more to see your blossoms come,
To clasp a tiny bunch within my hand,
To have your perfume sweetly fill my room,
Before I journey'd to that better land.

But I must not repine for He knows best,
He gives his children what they need—no more;
My heart is thine, oh, Lord, content I'll rest,
Until I reach that bright celestial shore.

* * *

Come nearer, mother, let me feel your kiss,
Upon my forehead, as in days gone by:
What, tears my mother? Yes, you'll sadly miss
The child you love, now called so young—to die.

Come sit beside me, 'round me clasp your arms
There's something I must tell you ere I die;
Your sheltering love has kept me from all harm
E'en in the hour the tempter stood so high.

Tell Him (my husband) that my latest thought
Was of the love I bore him in the past,
That love so pure, so holy, but which brought
Such endless woe, such misery at the last.

Tell him I blessed him, mother, ere I died,
Forgave each cruel, harsh and taunting word,
Hoped to the end he'd linger by my side,
That his loved voice would be the last I heard.

I know he'll come again when I am dead,
And strew the flowers I loved upon my grave,
Tho'l blossom into blessings on his head,
And shield from harm the soul I tried to save.

I'm tired, mother—I am chill and cold,
With your fond hand now smooth my pillow straight.
The Sun is gone—the day is growing—
See! Angels ope for me the Golden Gate!

Selected Story.

The Disguised Heiress.

Miss Vernon sat thoughtfully at her window plunged in deep thought.—This need not be wondered at, for the question upon which she was pondering affected her deeply.

She was an heiress, having come into possession at her majority, of fifty thousand dollars. She was prepossessing in her appearance, and this, as was natural, added to the report of her wealth, which, as usual, was considerably exagerated, brought her suitors in plenty. Among them she made choice of William Windsor, and in a few weeks they were to be married.

William was engaged in the wholesale clothing business, and had the reputation of being a sharp active man of business. He was of good appearance, and as far as could be judged, was a good match even for the heiress.—Nothing to his prejudice had come to her ears until the day before. A poor woman had come to the door in evident poverty, and asked for relief. On being questioned, she said she had been employed making shirts at twelve cents apiece for wholesale dealers—that after making a dozen, and carrying them to the store, she had been roughly told that they were spoiled and nothing would be paid her for her work, but she might have some more if she would agree to make them better. She added that this was one of the small ways in which the firm made money out of poor work women, by pretending that the work was unsatisfactorily done, when really no fault could be reasonably found with it.

The sum, small as it was, of which she had been defrauded, was all-important to her, as it represented nearly a week's work.

"Only a dollar and forty four cents for a week's work!" exclaimed Miss Vernon, in dismay.

"That's all," said the poor woman.

"How, then do you live?"

"It can hardly be called living. It's just barely keeping body and soul together," said the woman.

"And who is this extortioner that first offers you starvation wages, and then defrauds you of even them?" asked Miss Vernon indignantly.

"William Windsor."

"Who!" demanded Miss Vernon quickly.

"William Windsor."

"I can hardly believe this. I know the gentleman."

"It is true, and if you will investigate the matter, you will find it to be so."

"I will investigate the matter. Here is five dollars for your present needs. Come here to-morrow at this time, and I may have some work for you to do."

The poor woman departed invoking blessings on the heiress

"I will look into this," said Margaret Vernon, resolutely, "and if it proves true, the engagement between William Windsor and myself shall be broken. I will not give myself to such a man."

"Nancy," said Miss Vernon the next morning to her chambermaid, "have you an old dress and shabby cloak and bonnet that you can lend me?"

"I have got some that are so poor that I am not going to wear them again," said Nancy, surprised at such an inquiry.

"Will you lend them to me?"

"Of course, Miss; but what would the likes of you want of such old clothes."

"A little fun, that is all," said Miss Vernon. "I am going to disguise myself, and see if I can't deceive somebody."

With this explanation Nancy was content and produced the clothes. Miss Vernon put them on, and in addition borrowed from another of the servants, a thick green veil, somewhat the worse for wear, and then set out on her mission. No one in her disguise would have recognized the usually elegantly dressed heiress, Miss Margaret Vernon.

Miss Vernon slipped out of the basement door, and took her away to a large store, on which was inscribed the name of William Windsor in large gilt letters.

She entered, and after a while a clerk spoke to her in a rough voice:

"Well, what do you want?"

"I want to get some work," she said in a low voice.

"We can give you some shirts."

"Anything."

"Can you sew well?"

"I think so."

"At any rate we will try you."

A half dozen shirts were given to Miss Vernon, and she was informed that if satisfactorily done, she would be paid twelve cents apiece. These she carried home, slipping in at the back door.

Two hours later the poor woman was called.

"*Here* are some shirts for you to make," said Miss Vernon.

"Why," said the woman, in surprise, "they are the same as I have been making."

"That is true, and they came from the same place."

"Am I to bring them back there?"

"No, you will bring them here. I will pay for the work when done, double the price you have been receiving."

"Thank you, Miss you are very kind."

"Sew them as neatly as possible. I wish to see whether they will be rejected as poor work."

"Yes, Miss Vernon, I will take pains with them."

Three days later the woman returned with the work completed. Miss Vernon paid her for them, and requested her to call again the next day.

"Nancy," said the heiress, after her protege had departed, "I shall wish to borrow your old clothes again."

"Certainly, Miss," said Nancy, "if it is not ashamed you are, to appear in such rags."

"No one will know me, Nancy."

"Sure, Miss, you can take them whenever you like."

"I don't think I shall need them again, Nancy, but I thank you all the same."

Not long afterwards Miss Vernon in her shabby disguise, entered the establishment of William Windsor, with the bundle of shirts under her arm.

She went to the counter and laid them down.

"What have you got there," demanded a pert young clerk.

"Some work, sir," said Miss Vernon humbly.

"Well why don't you open the bundle?" said the young man, picking his teeth with his knife.

Miss Vernon did so.

The young man deigned to tumble over the shirts, glancing at them carelessly.

"Shocking! shocking!" he said.

"What's the matter, sir?"

"They're wretchedly sewed, that's what is the matter. *How* do you expect we are going to sell such shirts as these?

"I am sure I thought they were well done," said Miss Vernon.

"You thought, did you?" repeated the clerk, mocking her. "Well I think differently, and that's all about. We shant pay you for these shirts. They will have to be sold at a loss.

But what shall I do?" asked Miss Vernon, in seeming distress.

That's your business, not mine.—We will try you once more, and give you another half dozen shirts. If they are done better, you will be paid for them."

"These are done well," said Miss Vernon, snatching the bundle from the counter, "and I will show them to your employer."

To the indignation of the clerk, who was not used to such independence in the poor women who worked for the establishment, Miss Vernon took the shirts to another part of the counter where she saw William Windsor himself.

"Mr. Windsor," she said, "your clerk will not pay me for these shirts. He says they are not well done."

"Mr. Winsor took up one and pretended to examine it.

"No, it is poorly done. We can't pay you for these, but you may have another bundle, and if they are satisfactory, you will then be paid."

"Didn't I tell you so," said the clerk triumphantly. "Now, young woman, how much did you make by that operation?"

"More than you think, perhaps, said Miss Vernon, quietly.

'Do you want any more work?"

"No, I don't wish any," she said.

"Oh! you are on your high horse are you? Well, you may be glad to get work some day when you can't have it."

That evening was the one which William Windsor usually spent with his betrothed. When he was introduced he went forward as usual to greet Miss Vernon.

She drew back coldly and did not offer her hand to grasp his.

"What is the matter, Margaret?" he asked surprised and startled. "What have I done to entitle me to such a reception?"

"My hand has taken yours for the last time, Mr. Windsor," said Margaret.

"Good Heavens! what is the meaning of all this? Margaret explain yourself, I cannot understand it."

'I cannot take the hand of one who grows rich by defrauding poor women out of their scanty earnings."

"Who says this of me? Some one has been slandering me. Confront me with my accuser. There is some mistake here."

'I will do as you desire, Wait five minutes."

Miss Vernon left the room, and soon entered in her disguise.

The young man strode up to her angrily.

"Are you the one that has slandered me to Miss Vernon?" he demanded.

"I told her the truth!"

The young man reflected. Violent contradiction he saw would not avail him; he would try another course.

"Hark, you, young woman," he said in a low voice, "there is a mistake. I will make it up to you richly. I will give you ten dollars on the spot, and all the work you want at double rates, if you will tell Miss Vernon it was a mistake."

"Too late, Mr. Windsor," said the veiled figure, throwing up her veil and showing the contemptuous face of Margaret Vernon. "Your bribe is offered in vain. Good evening, sir."

Confused and astonished, William Windsor found his way to the door, and has never ventured to enter the house of the heiress since. He was paid for his meanness in his own coin.

* * *

The Charmes of Life.

There are a thousand things in this wide world to afflict and sadden, but oh! how many that are beautiful and good! The world teems with beauty—with objects that gladden the eye and warm the heart. We might be happy if we would. There are ills that we cannot escape—the approach of disease and death; of misfortune; the sundering of early ties, and the canker worm of grief; but a vast majority of evils that beset us might be avoided. The course of intemperance interwoven as it is by all the ligaments of society, is one that never strikes us but to destroy. There is not one bright page upon the record of its progress; nothing to shield it from the heartiest execration of the human race. It should not exist; it must not. Do away with all this; let wars come to an end; and let friendship, love, charity, purity, and kindness mark the inte course between man and man. We are too selfish, as if the world was made for us alone. How much happier would we be were we to labor more earnestly to promote each other's good! God has blessed us with a home which is not all dark. There is sunshine every where—in the sky, upon the earth—there would be in most hearts if we would look around us.—The storms die away and a bright sun shines out. Summer drops her tinted curtain upon the earth, which is very beautiful; even Autumn breathes he changing breath upon it. God reigns in heaven. Murmur not at a Being so bountiful, and we can live happier than we do.

A Tennessee Picture.

The Agricultural editor of the New York Tribune, Mr. Mecker, whom our readers will remember, paid our town a visit, is now giving, through the Tribune the result of his observations.

Of his horseback journey from Kingston to Crossville he has the following:

Going on through the woods again, a large level field, over a mile long, appeared, and with a ledge of limestone on one side, and Black mountain extending far southward. The soil seems to be excellent, but there was no fence. Here I overtook two girls driving up the cows, and presently I saw, on rising ground, a large two-story brick house. This was the famous Crab Orchard Hotel, where the stages stopped, and where weary travelers stay over night. I judged that the house was 80 feet long and 40 feet wide; but it was mostly in ruins, and the greater part of the glass and some of the sash were gone. Of course a stop must be made at such a noted place. In the piazza a few fleeces of wool were spread out, and, some children's head appearing at a distant door, indicated that there were people about; and at last a woman with a baby in her arms, and holding her dress around her knees, appeared a moment and stated how far it was to Crossville. A man was sitting on a fence at no great distance. As he did not offer to come to the house, I went to him, and tried to get something out of him, but he seemed wrapped in contemplation. I afterwards learned that he was a school master. Another man came out of a field near by, and told me he was making a crop; and as he proved a good natured fellow, the following conversation ensued:

"What is the matter with you folks up here?"

"Wel, I reckon, har's nothin' only we don't work."

"But why don't you work?"

"I 'spect it kase we's lazy."

"I confess you are candid, but why are you lazy—why don't you take hold and make things shine? here is good land, the country is healthful, and you might live like fighting cocks."

"Ye see, stranger, what's the use when almost any day we kin git a deer, and our hogs fatten on the mast, and more nor this, we hain't got no land, and we don't feel like puttin' a shine on rich men's property. That's what it comes in, stranger."

"Now, tell me what land is worth here?"

"I reckon from 75c to $2 a acre."

"What, can't you get money enough to buy 40 acres? Even if it is a little rough, it would support you well."

"I know, I know, but I was sick 16 years, and I got so fur behind, 'pears like I never kin catch up. Then my old woman was sick a heap, and we had mighty hard scratchin' to git meal, bacon, and tobacker; but as fur coffee we could'nt think on it unless by accident."

* * *

The Sensation of Drowning,

A sailor named Geo. Forbes, who was lost overboard from a scow in Lake Michigan and nearly drowned before he was rescued, thus describes the feelings he experienced on the occasion. We quote from the Detroit *Free Press:*

"I was feeling more courage and striking out with a will, when a sudden cramp catched me all over, and I could not do another stroke. I felt like a lump of lead. My head began to spin around, a great lump rose in my throat and choked me, and my eyes closed, as if a weight had been hung on my lids. I began to drown. I felt it; then came a feeling something like a red hot poker being drawn through my brain.—My head felt like fire. A humming roaring noise went through my ears and my body felt as light as a feather. The waves carried me about without an effort on my part, and I laughed—it seemed so curious that I actually laughed. I didn't care for Lizzie—only wanted to float and drift forever on the rollers. The water came into my face and mouth, but I never tried to keep my head up. I wouldn't have moved my fingers to have been aboard the scow. It grew darker and darker; the old fire feeling came through my head again, something clutched me by the leg and drew me down. I rocked to and fro, felt a noise like the discharge of a cannon, and then I dropped to sleep."

* * *

An army chaplin relates the following funny story. Seeing a dirty faced urchin at the fence in front of a house, the preacher stopped, and said:

"Is your father at home?"

"No; he's gone to church."

"Is your mother in?"

"No; she's gone, too."

"Then you are all by yourself?"

"No; Sam's in thar huggin' the nigger gal."

"That's bad."

"Yes, it's bad, but it's the best he can do."

Nicely Cured.

At the masked fisherman's ball in New Orleans, week before last, a gay and handsome man who had refused to take his wife to the ball on the plea of business, was much struck by a stranger, a lady in a mask. On her he exerted all his fascination.

'Oh, sir, you quite put me out with your flattery! I suspect you are a married man,' said the lady.

'No indeed; but I confess a willingness to get married since I have had the pleasure of seeing you,' was the gallant reply.

'Indeed! but you havn't seen my face.'

No; but I know it is beautiful.—The exquisite grace that accompanies everything you do and say, tells me as much.'

'Indeed!'

'I think so; but you will no longer deny me that satisfaction; for I assure you lady, I am in love.

'Indeed!'

'It is true. Until I met you to-night, women have looked to me homely and commonplace.'

'Oh, you are jesting.'

'Indeed, I am not.'

'And you never loved any one before!'

'Never! Your sex appeared to me always deceitful and my heart refused them all sympathy, but for you I feel a passionate attraction; I have no power or inclination to resist.'

'Can this be true?'

'It is indeed.'

'I am mad with impatience, since it will be the only face my heart will ever mirror. It has upon it no rival impression.'

'You are so persuasive I can no longer deny the privilege—look!' And the mask was removed.

It was his wife.

'The devil!' said the discomfited Benedict, indulging in a prolonged whistle.

'Oh no, my dear, only the face that has no rival impression on your heart!'

'Stay, Mary, let's call it square and go home.'

'I think we'd better.'

And they went.

* * *

Couldn't Make an Impression.

A minister was traveling in the back woods, and, espying a cabin, entered on a mission of mercy. The lady of the house (she alone being present and rightly judging his errand) when she saw him approaching, seized the Bible, and as he entered, was to all intents busily engaged in perusing the volume. He noticed, however, that she held the letters reversed, or in other words, upside down. After the usual courtesies, the minister asked what she was reading.

"Oh, 'bout the old prophets," was the reply.

"It is very edifying to read the sufferings of Christ," said the minister.

"And so that good old man is dead, is he?" asked the matron, evidently getting interested.

"Certainly he is."

"Well, that is just the way. I've been at John a long time to get him to take the newspapers, but he won't.—Every body in the world might die, and he won't hear a word 'bout it," said the woman in a rapid tone.

"Ah, women you are in the dark," said the preacher with an elongated face.

"Yes I know we are. I've been at John a long time to put a window in at the fur end of the house, but he won't do that neither."

"I perceive that you are weak in knowledge."

"I know that I am weak, and guess if you had the billious fever, and been taking saxifrax and cataract pills as long as I have, you'd be weak too," replied the woman, in rather an angry tone of voice and half an octave higher than usual.

* * *

A boy having complained to his father that Bill had thrown the Bible at him, and hurt him on the head, the father replied, "Well, you are the only member of my family on whom the Bible ever made the least impression."

She Never Grows Old.

Years may pass over her head, but if benevolence and virtue dwell in her heart, she is cheerful as when the spring of life opened to her view. When we look at a good woman we never think of her age. She looks as charming as when the roses of youth first bloomed on her cheeks. That rose not faded yet—it never will fade. In her neighborhood she is the friend and benefactor. Who does not respect and love the woman who has passed her days in acts of kindness and mercy? We repeat such a woman can never grow old. She will always be fresh and buoyant in spirit and active in humble deeds of benevolence.

Pat and the Post Office Clerk.

"Faith, an' have ye a letther for me, yer honor?"

"What name?" asked the urbane official.

"Why, me own name, av course.—Whose else?"

"What is your name?" continued the official, still urbane.

"Faith an' it was my father's afore me; an' would be yet, but he's gone dead."

"Confound you what do you call yourself!" losing his temper,

"Bedad," said Pat, firmly, "I call meself a gentleman; an' it's a pity there

"Stand back!" commanded the official with dignity.

"The divil aback I'll stand until I gets me letther."

"How can I give it to you if you won't tell me who you are, you stupid, thick-headed bog-trotter."

"An' is that what you're paid for—abusin' honest people that comes for their rights? Gi' me the letther, or be the whiskers o' Kate Kerney's cat, I'll cast me vote agin you when I git me papers."

"You blundering blockhead," broke in the now really angry clerk, "can't you tell me how your letter is addressed?"

"Dressed? How should it be dressed, barrin' in a sheet of paper, like any other? Come; hand me, avic."

"The deuce take you! won't you tell me who you are?"

"Faith, I'm an Irishman bred and born, seed, breed and generation. Me father was cousin to one eyed Harry Mawra, the process-sarver; an' me moother belonged to the Mooneys, of Kilmathonad. You're an ignorant ould disciple; an' av you'll only creep out of yer hole, I'll welt yer hide like an ould shoe. An' av yer get any satisfaction out o' me, me name's not Barney O'Flynn."

"Oh! that's your name, is it?" said the satisfied official, seizing and shuffling a pile of letters. "There's your letter."

Guard Against Vulgar Language.

There is as much connection between the words and the thoughts as there are between the thoughts and the actions. The latter is not only the expression of the former, but they have a power to react upon the soul, and leave the stain of corruption there. A young man who allows himself the use of some vulgar or profane word, has not only shown that there is a foul spot upon his mind, but by the utterance of that word he extends the spot and inflames it, till, by indulgence, it will pollute and ruin the soul. Be careful of your words and of your thoughts. If you can control the tongue that no improper words are pronounced by it, you will soon be able to control the mind and save it from corruption.—You extinguish the fire by smothering it, or by preventing bad thoughts from bursting into language. Never utter a word anywhere which you would be ashamed to speak in presence of the most refined female or the most religious man. Try this practice a little while, and you will soon have command of yourself.

New Currency Out.

A number of the ten cent notes of the new fractional currency are in circulation and are exquisitely engraved. The border lathe work is as well executed as the finest notes in circulation. On the left is a vignette of a girl, and on the right the seal of the treasury.—The back of the note is endorsed the same as the notes of the old issue. The paper for these notes is superior to that of the currency notes now in use. Instead of the flashy bronze heretofore used on the fractional currency, an engraved seal printed in red has been substituted. As stated above, the ten cent notes contain the bust of a female. The fifteen cent notes will bear the representation of the dome of the Capitol. Mr. Fessenden's head is taken off the twenty-five cent notes, and that of Washington substituted, while Mr. Lincoln's face will replace that of Mr. Spinner on the fifty cent notes. So says an exchange.

What Makes a Bushel.

Cut this out and paste it in your hat and when you need it refer to it.

Wheat, sixty pounds.
Corn shelled, fifty-six pounds.
Rye, fifty-six pounds.
Oats, thirty-two pounds.
Barley, forty-six pounds.
Buckwheat, fifty-two pounds.
Irish Potatoes, sixty pounds.
Sweet Potatoes, sixty pounds.
Onions, fifty-seven pounds.
Beans, sixty pounds.
Bran, twenty pounds.
Clover seed, sixty pounds.
Timothy seed, forty five pounds.
Hemp seed, forty-five pounds.
Blue grass seed, fourteen pounds.
Dried peaches, thirty-three pounds.

Hope On.

The darkest cloud will vanish before the sun, and the heaviest night gives place to a coming morrow. There is no grief so profound that it cannot be aleviated, no sorrow so great that it cannot be turned into joy and gladness. Hope is ever present to administer her consolation. She lives amid trials and disappointments, and shines more brightly for the darkened atmosphere in which she dwells. She comes unbidden to man in his low estate, as a comfort and friend. In losses and crosses, borne upon the swift tide of prosperity or driven by the ebbing currents of adversity; amid the strife of tongues, or hailed by the acclamations of the multitude, she bids him rise superior to all, and wait patiently the issue of an Allwise Providence.—Hope on, toil on, bide the time. God is not unrighteous to forget the work or the favor of love. He knows all, and the appointed time is in His hand. Wait patiently for Him. "How have I seen Thee," says Bishop Hall, "of lifeless stones raise up children to Abraham; of sinners to make saints; out of a desperate confusion, to bring order; out of a bloody war a happy peace; out of a resolution of revenge, love; out of a rock, water; of a persecutor, an apostle."

Willie's Home.

"This is my home!" said the little one, a treasured boy of four summers; as fresh and rosy he came from school at the close of a short winter's afternoon.

"Indeed, little Willie," said his father, "why is it? Suppose you go out on the sidewalk, and try the next door; suppose you step into the entry, throw off your little sack as you have done here, and go into the parlor, would not that be your home?"

"No, indeed," said Willie, "it would not be."

"But tell me why not?"

Willie had never thought of this.—He paused a moment. Then directing his eyes to where his mother quietly sat sewing, he replied with an earnest gesture, "*She lives here.*"

* * *

A lawyer, not over handsome, made many attempts to confuse a young lady whom he was examining as a witness. She however remained calm.—At last determined to perplex her, the lawyer said "Miss you are very pretty." The young lady very promptly replied: "I would return the compliment, sir, if I were not on oath."

* * *

"Shall I help you to some of the tomatusses?" inquired a young exquisite of a venerable physician as she sat opposite to him at one of our hotel table. "No, sir, I thank you," replied the learned savant, "but I will trouble you for some of the potatusses, if you please."

* * *

"Turn me bottom upwards, if you want to make the most of me," as the figure 6 said to the accountant.

* * *

Why is a baloon in the air like vagrants? Because they have no visible means of support.

* * *

There is nothing half so beautiful, half so intrinsically good, as a nice girl She is the sweetest flower in the path of life. Therefore, do not pluck her roughly.

* * *

A woman in New Orleans was arrested for throwing a pail of boiling water over a man. Her defence was that she though it was her husband.

* * *

A marriage in Dubuque, after a courtship of fifteen minutes, was followed by a divorce after six hours.

* * *

A girl in Wisconsin swallowed forty percussion caps. *Her* mother refrained from spanking her for fear of an explosion.

* * *

An old bachelor has to look out for number one, the married man for number two.

* * *

Misery may love company, but also loves to get out of it.

* * *

An old bachelor says: "Lovers like armies get along well enough till engaged."

* * *

Censure always with modesty and caution, lest you forwardly condemn what you have not skill to understand.

* * *

An editor in California lately received a document, which he was requested to insert gratis under his editorial head He placed it under his pillow that night and expresses his wilingness to insert similar communications in the same way and on similar terms.

Special Newspaper Advertising and General Collection Agency for North Carolina.

WM. A. HEARNE & CO.,
Special Agents for the North Carolina Press, and General Agents for the Collection of Claims of every description throughout the State. Office, Goldsboro, N. C.
Are authorized agents for the STAR.

The Star.

CARPENTER & LOGAN
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Best Advertising Medium in Western North Carolina.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
THURSDAY, [illegible]

Religious Notice.

DISTRICT MEETING.—The Spartanburg District Meeting will be held in the Methodist Church in this place, embracing the fourth Sunday in August. The opening sermon is to be preached at half past 7, p. m., Wednesday, 18th inst., by Dr. W. Smith. J. W. McRoy, alternate.

The people generally are invited to attend the sessions of the meeting.

Delegates coming in are respectfully requested to stop at Burnett's Hotel.

V. A. SHARPE.

Governor Holden Leaves the Republican Party and Joins the Democrats, and carries the Standard with him for Protection.

"The dog is turned to his own vomit again; and, the sow that was washed, to her walloving in the mire."—2nd chap. 22d verse, 2d Peter.

The contest between Gov. Holden and Col. Harris is one of great importance to the people of the State, and especially to the Republican party at the present time.

Gov. Holden claims the right and the power to appoint Directors on the part of the State in the several Railroads, to wit: The Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad, the North Carolina Railroad, and the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad.

In all three of the above Roads, the State's interest is the largest and therefore can control the private stock.

About the 28th day of June last there was a meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic Road, at Newbern, to which Gov. Holden sent a proxy to represent the State on his part, and Col. Harris, Superintendent of Public Works appeared in person.

The question was presented to the private Stockholders whether they would recognize the proxy of the Governor or the Superintendent of Public Works, the vote was taken and decided in favor of the Superintendent of Public Works, the *Democrats*, as we are informed, voting for the Governor and the Republicans for the Superintendent of Public Works.

About the 8th of July a meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad was held at Salisbury. The same question was presented to the private Stockholders, that is, whether they would recognize the right of the Governor or the right of the Superintendent of Public Works, it was decided *in favor of the Governor*, the *Democrats* being a *large* majority and *again* voting for him.

On the 28th and 29th of July a meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad was held at Wilmington, the same question was there presented and it was decided in *favor* of the *Governor*, the Democrats being in a *large* majority and again voting on *his* side.

In this meeting there was not a solitary legal gentleman who *denied* the power belonging to the Superintendent of Public Works, and many *openly* conceded it, yet they voted against the law.

Let us examine the *Democracy* of the Governor a little further. The State is entitled to seven Directors and the Stockholders, other than the State, to six in the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad, The Governor appointed Mr. Aydlott, of Cleveland, (from a Democratic County) Mr. Sherrell, of Lincoln, (from a Democratic County,) Dr. Wm Sloan, of Mecklenburg, (from a Democratic County) and Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg a *Democrat*, Mr. McDonald, of Cabarus, (from a Democratic County,) Mr. Smith, of Johnson, (from a Democratic County,) and *Mr. Cannon, of Virginia, (from a Democratic State.)*

The above speaks volumes. The Governor could not get six men in the State of North Carolina besides Dr Wm. Sloan himself, that would vote for him for President of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad; he did not appoint a solitary Director on 190 miles of the Road from Charlotte to Wilmington; he ignored by his appointments every Republican county in the State; he *doubly ignored* the Republican party of North Carolina, first by appointing a citizen of another State a Director, and second by appointing a *Democrat* (Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg) a Director.

The Stockholders, other than the State, elected six Directors, every one of them *Democrats*, and headed by the late President, Col. R. H. Cowan.—Will the *Standard* or the Governor please answer this question: In whose hands is the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad? Dare you deny that *you have put it in the hands of the Democrats?*

By a resolution introduced and carried in the Stockholders' meeting of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad, by Dr. Sloan, the Road is to remain and continue under the control of the same *sub officers* until next October—*all Democrats.*

We understand that the contract is already let to finish the Road, *to Democrats.* When this was done, or by whom, we do not know, whether by the *old* or the *new* company.

Old Rutherford—the banner Republican county of the State—what have you to say? What have *all* the Republican Counties of the State to say? and what has the *Republican Party* of the State to say to W. W. Holden who is *occupying* the Executive chair of North Carolina *at this time*, for selling you out to the *Democrats?* We want you to answer in tone of thunder and say whether you are sold or not?

We are pleased to learn that our enterprising fellow citizens, Messrs. James B Morris and Madison Lynch, are erecting a fine building near Morris' Mill, on Broad river, to be used as a high school and missionary church. They hope to establish a first class boarding school, early in the fall. A few such men in our county would contribute much to the progress of improvement. We are glad to record such noble examples of public spirit.

The Standard—The Executive—The Superintendent of Public Works.

The *Standard*, or we might say, Gov. Holden, through the *Standard* of Aug. 3rd, devotes one column and a-half of editorial in reply to short article in the STAR of a late date, under the head of "The Executive—The Superintendent of Public Works."

It is not our object, to discuss the merits, or demerits of the article in the Standard, as a whole, for although it is evident, the article is from the pen of Gov. Holden himself, it is nevertheless, weak, designing, and void of argument.

We only wish to notice, at this time some of the features of the article, that are calculated, and intended to deceive, and misrepresent certain important facts. The Standard says:

> "But we take the ground which is held by every respectable lawyer in the State, that no mere act of the General Assembly can deprive the Governor, as the "supreme executive" of the powers conferred on him by the charters of these corporations to appoint directors and proxies. The charters constitute the supreme law in the case. If this were not so there would be no safety in chartered rigths, but they would be exposed to every caprice of legislation. The charters can be amended only by the consent of the private stockholders, and until they are amended so as to let in Col. HARRIS to the exercise of the powers he claims, they are to all intents and purposes paramount, and the power remains with the Governor. Judge WATTS held this when he enjoined Col. HARRIS, and forbade him, under penalty, from doing what he did at Wilmington; and in our opinion the Supreme Court will so hold unanimously whenever the case shall be reached by that tribunal."

Now we desire that the people of North Carolina, should know the truth in this matter, and we are going to ask Gov. Holden and the Standard, a few simple questions, and we want them to answer these questions, and let the people know the true state of thing's. We ask Gov. Holden, and the Editors of the Standard, did not Col. Harris, the Superintendent of Public Works, go to Gov. Holden, in a friendly way, before any of the Stockholders meetings, on the different railroads were held, and tell him that they differed about their respective duties and powers, in connection with these railroads, that he did not wish to have any conflict in the matter with the Governor, and he thought the proper way to settle the matter, was for them to make up an agreed case, and ask the Supreme Court to decide the matter? Did not Col. *Harris* urge this course upon the Governor, in order to avoid any difficulty, and did not Gov. *Holden* refuse to have it decided?

Again, did not Col. Harris, after Gov. *Holden*, had had him enjoined from acting on the North Carolina Rail Road appeal to the Supreme Court in order to get a decision on the case, and did he not through his attorney in the Supreme Court urge a trial, and did not Gov. Holden stubbornly refuse to try, at the same time knowing, that the Court was ready to try, but *could not try*, without his consent?

These are facts that cannot be denied, we defy Gov. Holden and the Editors of the Standard to deny them, and we call upon the people of the State, and especially the the Republican Party, to take notice of them.

We will only ask one more simple question and we are done for the present. If Gov. Holden, and the Standard are so confident that all the "respectable Lawyers" in the State are on their side, and that the Supreme Court will decide in Gov. Holden's favor eventually, why is the Gov. unwilling for the Supreme Court to decide the case? Why does he refuse to allow the Court to decide the case when it is before them, and Col. Harris is urging a trial? Will you answer?

The Standard says further:

> "There is a sort of threat in the above article of the *Star*, that the people will sustain Col. HARRIS in this matter and desert and censure GOV. HOLDEN. It is our opinion that the people of Western Carolina, including Rutherford and Polk, have as "great confidence" in the Governer as they have in his subordinate."

This assertion is too lame for an answer. We will only say, that to-day, if an election was held, and Gov. *Holden* and Col. Harris were the candidates, that in the counties of Rutherford and Polk, where Gov. *Holden*, once received near 1200 majority, he could not *now*, get *ten Republican votes.*

The Election.

We give in anthor column the result of the election in this County in all the Townships except Duncan's Creek, which has not been returned.

Throughout the State there has been but little interest taken in the election, and not much idea can be formed as to the gains and losses of the Republican party.

Gen. Hawkins republican, has been elected senator from Wake and Franklin, to fill the vacancy ocasioned by the death of Col. Wynne.

Eagles Republican, is elected to the House of Representatives from New Hanover county, to fill the vacancy occassioned by the resignation of Gen. Estes.

Incidents.

There were two noteworthy incidents says the Wilmington *Star*, connected with the recent election of the President and other officers of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company. One, the re-election of Messrs. B. S. Guion and V. A. McBee, two old, efficient and popular officers of the Company. The other, the support of Dr Sloan for President by two of the six Directors elected by the stockholders. The former showed a spirit of liberality on the part of the State Directors the latter, a feeling of confidence in the integrity and capacity of Dr. Sloan.—*Standard.*

Very *noteworthy*, certainly, it showed plainly, that, give me what I want, and I will give you a good share, we are "agreed" if we can defeat Col. Harris and such other Republicans as are interested in this Road, I, Governor Holden, will give you one Democratic Director then you will have a majority, remember *my friend* Wm. Sloan must be President, and *my son-in law*, Calvin, must have a good office, but take the remainder, you ought to have it, you are flesh (poiticaliy) of my flesh, blood of my blood—divide it among yourselves and remember who gave it to you.

Election in Tennessee.

Gov. Senter is elected Governor of Tennessee, over Stokes by perhaps 50,000 majority. Stokes was the regular republican candidate, and Senter Independen Republican.

"Is the Governor to be Impeached?"

The Standard of August 6th, is out again in a long article, in reply to an article in the STAR, on consolidation, in which the author attempts to shield Gov. Holden, and showers down a storm of abuse and threats, on the Editors of the Star, Col. Harris, Judge Logan and others.

This is evidently an attempt on the part of Gov. Holden and the *Standard*, *bluff* and *scare* off any disposition to expose the Governor's late acts of tyrany and usurpation. But we say, go it with your threats and abuse, they will avail nothing. No body is scared but you. We SCORN your threats and DEFY their execution.

"A guilty conscience, needs no accuser," you have proven your guilt, by attempting to defend yourselves, and abuse others, before you have been attacked.

Why do you ask the question? "Is the Governor to be impeached?"—Where did you get the idea? who told you that he was to be impeached? You certainly had some reason for asking this grave and serious question.—What is it? Is it possible that Gov. Holden; conscious of his disrespect, and abuse of the law, has forseen his impeachment? Why would he ask such a question? we say *he*, because it is evident that *he*, the Governor is the author of the article refered to, unless he anticipated something of the kind?

Well may he fear the consequences of his disrespect and abuse of the law, for in our humble opinion he has been guilty of acts for which his impeachment would be but mild punishment.

"What does the Star mean?" We mean exactly what we *say*, and we always say what we please, when we think we are serving the people and the State of North Carolina, by exposing corruption, no matter from what quarter it comes.

The low down contemptable fling at our citizen and Townsman Judge Logan in the *Standard*, is only characteristic of the degraded and corrupt source from which it sprang, no matter whether in or out of the capitol. We respectfully inform his assailants, that they are beneath the notice of Judge Logan he soars above all such characters.

We may add, that the (so called) blunder of Judge Logan, made at Salisbury, according to the *Standard*, may become of more serious interest to certain parties, than they anticipate at present.

IS IT SO?

We are informed that the author of the Holden Record, a campaign document which abused Gov. Holden more and with better success, than it was ever done, now enjoys a lucrative position on the North Carolina Railroad, which was given him by *my friend* Billy Smith, who made the speech at Salisbury denouncing the corruption of the North Carolina Legislature, and one of Gov. Holden's Directors on the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad. We merely ask to know if it can be so, if it is, it is another straw, showing that Gov. Holden has been leaving the Republican party for some time.

Can the *Standard* tell us anything about the matter?

Querry.

Under what authority is the *Standard* doing the State Printing, since the departure of the State Printer. Mr. N. Page, from the State? Has the *Standard* any legal right to do the State Printing?

A Book by General Lee.

The University Publishing Company of No. 4 Bond Street, New York, announce that they have now in press, and will issue in a few weeks, "Memoirs of the War" by Gen. Henry Lee, thoroughly revised and corrected by Gen. R. E. Lee, who has added, also, an entirely new biography of his father, prepared by him from private and personal materials never before used. It will be a large and handsome octavo volume, illustrated by new steel portraits of Gen Henry Lee and Gen. Nathaniel Greene; beautiful steel engravings of Marion crossing the Pedee, and the Surrender of Cornwallis; and five original maps and plans. Our readers need not be told that this is a work of great interest and value. It is the standard history of military operations at the South during the revolutionary war, and as such it is a book which every reading man should possess; and its interest and value are both greatly increased by Gen. Robert E. Lee's thorough revision and correction, and by the valuable biography of his father which he has written and added to it.

We are sure that this announcement, alone, is sufficent to give the book a very great sale, but when we add that Gen. Lee is personally interested in its publication, such a sale is made certain. We learn that the book is to be sold by canvassing agents only, those who desire to engage in its sale should make early application to the publishers.

KO-KOO, the *great Liver Invigorator, Blood Purifier, and Renovator*, prepared by Dr. J. J. Lawrence the celebrated Physician and Chemist, is a SAFE, PLEASANT, and RELIABLE remedy, for the PREVENTION and CURE of all diseases caused by a TORPID Liver, IMPURE BLOOD, DISORDERS of the KIDNEYS, or DEBILITY of the NERVOUS SYSTEM.

It REGULATES the secretions, RADICATES all HUMORS or TAINTS, restores lost or wasted nervous power, and at the same time *builds up and imparts tone and vigor to the whole system.*

New But Reliable.

A new remedy for purifying the blood and restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, and invigorating the nervous system, has recently been prepared and is now offered for sale to the public by Dr. J. J. Lawrence, of this city, under the name of Koskoo.

The gentleman by whom this medicine is prepared is not a quack, but a gentleman, of well-known integrity in Norfolk, a man of scientific attainments, and a successful practitioner of medicine, and who has gained a national reputation as discoverer of the celebrated remedy—Rosadalis.

This new medicine, Koskoo, bids fair to outstrip in popularity the former preperations of Dr. Lawrence, and become not only a State but a National medicine.

On Saturday last, and for many days past, the sale in the Norfolk office has amounted to hunareds of bottles, and the demand is still for Koskoo, the greatest remedy of modern times.

We wish Dr. Lawrence abundant success in the sale of his health-restoring medicines, and feel that in so doing we direct the attention of the public to a gentleman whose merits deserve a liberal and generous patronage. —*Norfolk Journal.*

The Standard on the Proxy Question

> "We do not admit the right claimed by the TIMES to tell the *Standard* that it is in error, for the premises from which is deduced its "right" are entirely wrong. We do not "treat any railroad question by coupling it with politics." We have not discussed any railroad questions, nor do we intend to. The subjects upon which we express our opinion was concerning the illegal assumption of certain powers by the Superintendent of Public Works. Does the TIMES deny our right to do this? Does it deny to us the same right which it claims for itself? If so, it is indeed modest," —(*Raleigh Standard.*

The above is one paragraph from a long editorial, called out by the remarks we made the other day in regard to the *fact* that the *Standard* is trying to make the misunderstanding between Gov. Holden and the Superintendent of Public Works, Col. Harris, a political issue. Anybody who has read the *Standard* in regard to this matter, knows full well that the paper called on Republicans to note the matter and manner in which Col Harris attempted to usurp the Governor's authority, and it is simply rediculous in the *Standard* to say "we do not admit the right claimed by the TIMES to tell the *Standard* it is in error."

The *Standard* knows full well that Eastern North Carolina has ever been a firm friend to Gov. Holden, and are his friends and supporters to-day.—The fact is equally apparent that in this matter between the Governor and Superintendent of Public Works. We believe the Governor to be in the wrong, and we wish the privilege of thus expressing ourselves without being obliged to make a party matter of it. We believe both men to be good republicans, and we claim the right to differ in opinion with the one without being accused of trying to injure the standing of the other in the republican party. We hope the Superintendent of Public Works will be allowed to hold his office till the Supreme Court shall decide as to the legality of the matter. Such a decision would be more satisfactory to us than that of the Raleigh *Standard.*—*Newbern Times.*

A Yankee lady pictures a good man as one who is keerful of his clothes, dont drink sperits, kin read the bible without spellin the words, and kin eat a cold dinner on wash-day to save the wimmen folks from cookin.

Vote of Rutherfordton Township, No. 1.

FOR MAGISTRATES:	
R. W. Logan, (Rep.)	148.
J. H. Bradley, "	146.
J. M. Keeter, "	123.
Guilford Eaves, (Con.)	42.
W. O. Wallace, "	41.
FOR CLERK.	
Jesse N. Harden, (Rep.)	123.
H. N. Carrier, (Con.)	42.
B. C. Allen,	2.
FOR CONSTABLE.	
A. Mooney, (Rep.)	123.
A. C. Higgins, (Con.)	43.
B. C. Allen,	1.
FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.	
I. S. Higgins, (Rep.)	122.
D. M. Smith, "	120.
Lewis Bryan, "	108
A. B. Callahan, (Con.)	43.
M. H. Justice, "	43.
W. L. Twitty, "	44.
H. D. Carrier,	1.
B. H. Padgett,	2.

Green Hill Township, No. 2.

For Magistrates.	
N. H. Hampton, rep.	98
Henry Gibbs, rep.	88
R. L. Gilkey, con.	54
M. H. Kilpatrick, con.	46
For Clerk,	
J M Hampton, rep.	99
For Constable.	
J W Lewis, rep.	95
J M Taylor, con.	44
For School Committee.	
N E Walker, rep.	94
J N Bennett, rep.	90
Ed Foster, rep.	32
W K Hamilton, Independent rep.	60

Union Township, No. 3.

For Magistrates,	
F C Hamrick, rep.	36
James Wood, rep.	36
I D McClure, con.	16
M O Dickerson, con.	12
For Clerk,	
Joseph Wilkie, rep.	41
J A McClure, con.	13
For Constable,	
E G Morrow, rep.	38
Jas. Wood,	11
T Dickerson, con.	1
For School Committee,	
W A Blanton, rep.	27
Robert C Miller, rep.	27
Martin Champion, rep.	19
W P Abrams, rep.	11
Wm McEntire, rep.	17
W G Miller, con.	14
L D Lomar, con.	15

Sulphur Springs, No. 4.

For Magistrates.	
John Owens, rep,	56
K T Carpenter, rep,	53
Edmond Toms, con,	31
D D McDaniel, con,	23
For Clerk,	
B E Blanton, rep,	49
Leonard Fowler, con,	33
For Constable,	
L Hall, rep,	45
W L Jones, con,	33
School Committee,	
J E Henry, rep,	54
Joseph Owens, rep,	52
Thomas Westbrooks, rep,	52
Joseph Huntley, con,	29
Peter Kistler, con,	28
Jackson Feagins, con.	28

High Shoals Township, No. 5

For Magistrate,	
J B Gillespie, rep.	61
D A Scruggs, rep.	62
Thos. Wilkins, con.	55
Sam Bostick, con.	54
For Clerk,	
A M Roberson, rep.	61
J P Burgess, con.	54
For Constable.	
W C S Wood, rep.	67
J D Goode, con.	49
For School Committee.	
G E McDaniel, rep.	59
John Kennedy, jr. rep.	55
K C Watkins, con.	55
Geo McDaniel, rep.	54
D Mathony, con.	52
N Thorn, con.	53

Colfax Township, No. 6.

For Magistrates,	
T M Walker, con,	85
A S Harrill, con,	71
George Hembrick, rep,	59
Wm Smart, rep,	32
A G Harrill,	8
For Clerk,	
J W Beam, con,	86
J W Walker, rep,	41
For Constable,	
D N Hambrick, con,	80
William Scoggin, rep,	51
For School Committee,	
J M Goode, con,	73
W G Wilson, con,	74
W H Harrill, con,	65
Jesse Dobbins, rep,	26
William Smart, rep,	17
William Harrill, rep,	25
Willis Womach,	6

Cool Springs Township, No. 7.

For Magistrates,	
F Moore, rep,	95
M J Harrill, rep,	91
J R Depriest, con,	63
James Goode, con,	67
For Clerk.	
J W Green, rep,	81
J M Toms, con,	80
For Constable,	
F H Morrow, rep,	79
M H Doggett, con.	77
For School Committee,	
J T Moore, rep,	98
H Harrill, rep,	99
Albert Tate, rep,	89
Thomas Toms, con,	59
H Morrow, con,	58
T R McArthur, con,	63

Golden Valley Township, No. 9.

For Magistrate,	
J S Grayson, rep,	84
Eli Whisnant, rep,	83
For Clerk.	
T F Long, rep,	81
For Constable,	
W L Melton, rep,	76
Wm Gamble, con,	12
For School Committee,	
Smith McCurry, rep,	79
Dan'l Melton, rep,	85
E D Melton, rep,	86

Logan Store Township, No. 10.

For Magistrates,	
W B Freeman, rep,	86
W P Watson, rep,	123
J W Davis, con,	81
For Clerk.	
W W Wallace, rep,	123
For Constable,	
Joseph Scoggin, rep,	80
A D Fawnsworth, con.	65
For School Committee,	
B W Baber, rep,	152
J W Gibson, rep,	84
R K Wilson, rep,	87
J M Andrews, con,	69
J F Morehead, con,	64

Camp Creek Township, No. 11.

For Magistrates,	
William Monteith, rep,	79
E P Allen, rep,	74
C C Goforth, con,	57
R F Logan, con.	53
For Clerk,	
J P Allen, rep,	84
J W Adams, con,	40
For Constable,	
D D Allen, rep,	73
G P Watson,	60
For School Committee,	
E Keeter, rep,	76
J M Spratt, rep,	77
C Clements, rep,	76
John Justice, con,	45
W K Reid, con,	42
B Biggerstaff, con,	36

Morgan Township, No. 12.

For Magistrates,	
J W Morgan, rep.	95
A W Haynes, rep.	68
Sylvester Mitchell, con.	47
For Clerk,	
P Wilkerson, rep.	66
J A Nichols, con.	40
For Constable,	
J W Morgan, jr, rep.	57
J M Stott, con.	47
For School Committee,	
John Haynes, rep.	64
J E W Morgan, rep.	56
H K Keeter, rep.	62
M Wilkerson,	49

Chimney Rock Township, No. 13.

For Magistrate,	
H Portrum, con.	64
J M Frady, con.	51
W B Wilson rep.	46
J Jackson, rep.	10
For Clerk.	
T R Egerton, con.	67
Wm Handerson, rep.	26
For Constable,	
Asbury Jackson, con	42
S D Searcy, rep,	19
For School Committee,	
Saml. Sumner, con.	64
Jethro McDaniel,	59
J. D. Searcy,	38
Geo. Payne,	19

L. F. CHURCHILL, G. M. WHITESIDE.
CHURCHILL & WHITESIDE
ATTORNEYS and COUNSELLORS
AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Will practice in all the Courts of Western North Carolina, in the Supreme Courts of the State and in the District, Circuit and Supreme Courts of the United States. feb 6tf.

S. B. MEACHAM,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS
Shoe-Findings, and Rubber Belting.

☞ Sign of the BRASS BOOT, Iron Front Building, Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C.
dec19 41-tf

COMMERCIAL.

Rutherfordton Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
JONES & BRYAN,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.

BACON	18@20
BEEF	5@6
BUTTER	15
BEESWAX	25
CANDLES, adamantine	35
CASTINGS	8@10
CHEESE	33@40
COFFEE	33
CORN	80@85
COTTON	20@25
" CLOTH	16½@25
" YARN	225
DRIED FRUIT—PEACHE Pealed	9c ℔
" " Bright Unpealed	5c
APPLES, Pealed. Bright	4
EGGS	10
FLOUR, per sack	$5@$6
FODDER, per cwt	80@100
FEATHERS	30@40
FLAX CLOTH	25@40
HIDES, dry	16@20
HIDES green	8
IRON	7
JANES, wool	40@75
LARD	15@20
MEAL per bu.	100
NAILS	10@12½
OATS, per bushel	40
PEAS	80@85
POTATOES, Irish	50
POTATOES sweet	50
PORK—gross	9
nett	10
RAGS	3
RICE	16½@20
ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERE	75@300
ROPE	25@35
SALT per sack $5, per lb	3
SUGAR	16½@25
SP'TS TURPENTINE, per gal	2 00
TALLOW	15
TEA, per lb	$2 00@$2 50
WHEAT	1 50
WOOL—well washed	50

CHARLOTTE PRODUCE MARKET.

RETAIL PRICES FROM STORES.

BACON—NORTH CAROLINA.			
Hams,	per lb.	22½@	25
Shoulders,	"	17 @	18
Sides,	"	20 @	21
Hog Round,	"	00 @	20
WESTERN.			
Hams,	"	23 @	25
Sides,	"	18 @	20
Shoulders,	"	16 @	17
BAGGING—			
Gunny,	per yard,	25 @	28
Bale rope,	per lb.	8 @	10
Beeswax,	"	30 @	35
COFFEE—			
Java,	"	35 @	40
Rio,	"	22½@	25
Leguayra,	"	26 @	30
Corn Meal	per bush	$1.05@	1.25
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4,	per yard,	15 @	18
Cotton Yarn,	per bunch	$2.00@	2.10
FISH—			
Mackerel No. 1,	per barrel	$18 00@	20 00
No. 1,	per half bbl	11 50@	
No. 2.	" "	10.50@	12.00
No. 2,	per bbl.	20.00@	00 00
No. 1,	by kits,	3.50@	4.00
No. 2,	"	2.75@	3.00
No. 3,	"	2.50@	2.75
FLOUR—			
Southern,	per bbl.	$10.00@	12.50
Northern,	"	8.00@	12 00
GRAIN—			
Corn,	per bush	1.05@	1.10
Oats,	"	75@	80
Peas,	"	90@	1.00
Wheat,	"	0.00@	0 00
LARD—			
Northern,	per lb.	20@	25
North Carolina	"	20@	25
MOLASSES,	per gal.	60@	1.25
NAILS,	per keg,	6.00@	6.25
Northern Irish,	"	2.50@	3.00
Sweet,	"	1.00@	1.25
SUGAR—			
New Orleans,	"	16@	18
Muscovado,	"	15@	17
Crushed	"	20@	22
SALT—			
Liverpool,	per sack	2.75@	2.85
TALLOW,	per lb.	10@	15
WHISKEY—			
North Carolina,	per gal.	1.40@	2.00
Northern,	"	1.75@	4.00

FINANCIAL.

Charlotte Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES,	&c.
Bank of North Carolina,	45c
" Cape Fear,	35
" Charlotte,	40
" Wadesboro,	23
" Wilmington,	39
" Roxboro,	60
" Thomasville,	20
" Graham,	25
" Lexington, (old)	5
" " (new)	5
" Commerce,	17
" Clarendon,	4
" Fayetteville,	12
" Washington,	4
" Yanceyville,	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern,	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	35
" " " (new)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank,	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington,	39
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	7
Virginia Bank notes Notes average	25
South Carolina "	25
Georgia "	20
N. C. Railroad Stock,	20
N. C. R. R. Dividend Scrip,	80

Special Notices.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.
19-1y. [P.&CO.]

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.
19-1y. [P.&CO.]

New Advertisements.

NOTICE—To any person to whom it may concern, this is to give notice that in the Spring of 1865, a Certificate for 4 shares of stock in the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, was taken from me by soldiers of the Federal Army, said certificate is numbered 154, and dated 25th Sept. 1860. Application will be made to the board of directors for renewal of the same.

W. O. WALLACE.
Aug. 12th 1869. 27-3w.

Shiloh Academy.

THE FIRST SESSION of Shiloh Academy will commence on Monday the 9th of August, 1869. Tuition from $2.50 to $15.00 per session of five months according to grade of students. Board from $6 to $8 per month.

Location, 6 miles South of Rutherfordton.

J. H. McBRAYER,
aug 5 tf. Principal

Land For Sale.

IN obedience to a decree of the Superior Court of Law for Rutherford county in case of J. D. Searcy an others *exparte*, I will expose to sale to the highest bidder at the Cour House door in the Town of Rutherfordton on the 28th day of September next (Tuesday of Court) a tract of Land on Main Broad River, containing from 50 to 75 acres, joining lands with A. W. Whiteside and others. Terms of sale, the purchaser to pay costs and charges for this suit on day of purchase, and upon the remainder a credit of 6 months will be given.

J. B. CARPENTER,
aug. 5-td. Commissioner.

ALEXANDER & MASON.

G. M. Alexander, late Col of 2nd D C Vol. and ex Post Master of Washington, D. C.
J. M. Mason, Attorney at Law, and late Capt. in 2nd D. C. Vols.

SOLICITORS OF
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PATENTS,
AND
COUNSELORS AT PATENT LAW,
(15 *years experience as solicitors of Patents*)
461 Seventh Street, Opposite the Patent Office
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Papers CAREFULLY PREPARED, and Patents secured without delay.

Examinations in the Patent Office Free of Charge, and no individual fee asked in any case, unless a Patent is allowed.

Send for Circular of terms, instructions and references.
aug. 5-tf.

BED TICKING, Flannel, &c. at
J. W. CLAKE'S

A GOOD assortment of Boots and Shoes at J. W. CLARKE'S

CONFECTIONERIES, Lemons, Pickles, Pickled Oysters, Sugar and Butter Crackers, Sardines, and a very large variety Candies at J. W. CLARKE'S

LONDON PORTER and Scotch Ale at
J. W. CLARKE'S

IF you want a good article of Chewing Tobacco go to J. W. CLARKE'S

MEDICINES, Sulphur, Salts, &c, at
J. W. CLARKE'S

COUNTRY PRODUCE of all kinds and at highest market prices taken in exchange for Goods by J. W. CLARKE.
June 24tf

CUTLERY, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Ladles, &c., at J. W. CLARKE'S.
june24tf

GOOD RIO COFFEE for sale by J. W. CLARKE.
june 24tf

ALL sorts of Notions and Fancy articles at J. W. CLARKE'S

BLADDER SNUFF at
J. W. CLARKE'S.

IF you want a good Hat, a pretty Hat, and a cheap Hat be sure and go to
J. W. CLARKE'S.

NOTICE

To the Citizens of Polk County.

EACH month hereafter, until further notice during the week commencing on the first Monday, one of our firm will be in Columbus, thus giving our clients and others in Polk, who desiring it, a favorable opportunity to consult with us.

Mr. Churchill will attend in August. Office in the Court House

CHURCHILL & WHITESIDE,
May 13 3t Attorneys

NEW
SUMMER
GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED AT
CRATON'S STORE.

I HAVE just received from New York and Charleston, a very large and desirable stock of GOODS, consisting of

DRY GOODS,
Notions,
Fancy Articles,
Dress Goods, for Ladies' and Gentlemen,
Hardware,
Hats,
Boots,
Shoes in great variety

A LARGE LOT OF CHOICE GROCERIES embracing,

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEA,
SODA,
SALT,
CHEESE,
CRACKERS,
OYSTERS,
&c., &c.,

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE in abundance.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PUTTY,

and everything in fact usually kept in a first retail Store, all of which will be sold at greatly reduced prices for Cash or Country Produce.

My friends and the public generally are respectively invited to call and examine my stock as I feel confident that I can and will sell them

GOOD GOODS

as low as they can be bought in Charlotte or elsewhere for Cash or Country Produce.

J. M. CRATON.
june3-19-tf.

NEW GOODS.

Messrs. JONES & BRYAN.

HAVE just received, and are still receiving a large and handsome stock of all kinds of

STAPLE AND FANCY
ARTICLES,

which they propose to sell at the lowest Cash prices, or for any and all kinds of Produce at the highest market prices.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere,
mch25t JONES & BRYAN

DENTISTRY.

DR. B. H. PADGETT,
A Regular Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Science, and an Operator on the Teeth of twenty years' personal experience.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Calls to the country, by letter or otherwise, promptly attended to. Terms moderate for cash.
may 27-3m.

OFFICIAL.

PUBLIC LAWS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Passed by the General Assembly of 1868-'69.

(231)

An act making the act of going masked, disguised or painted, a felony.

(Passed April—, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, Any person who shall disguise himself by painting or by wearing any mask or any other device for the concealment of the face or person with intent to terrify or frighten any citizen or the community, or part thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished by fine or imprisonment in the County jail, at the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 2. Any person or persons, either singly or in association with each other who, being disguised or masked, or otherwise concealed in the manner described in the proceeding section, shall commit any trespass or act by force or violence, which is now a misdemeanor by any statute of this State, or at common law, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall be imprisoned at hard labor in the Penitentiary for a term of not less than one year, or more than ten years.

Sec. 3. This act shall go into effect on its ratification, and the Governor shall cause the same to be published immediately.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 235)

An act authorizing the Secretary of State to furnish a copy of the Code of Civil Procedure as amended in 1868 '69, to to each Board of County Commissioners.

(Passed April 10th, 1869.)

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the Secretary of State shall furnish each Board of County Commissioners of the several Counties with a copy of the Code of Civil Procedure, as amended by session of eighteen hundred and sixty-eight and eighteen hundred and sixty nine.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 239.)

An act to provide the manner of bringing suit against Railroad Companies.

(Passed April 10th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the "venue in actions" against Railroad Corporations shall be laid in some County wherein the track of said Company, or some of it, is situated.

Sec. 2. Service of summons upon a Railroad Corporation shall be made by leaving a copy of summons with the President Secretary or Treasurer of said Company; or, in case such officers are not to be found at their usual place of office, then by leaving a copy thereof with some person of competent age in the office of the President of such Company.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 244.)

An act providing for certain reports from Railroad Companies.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.)

Section 1 The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the President, either by himself or through the Superintendent of each Railroad Company in this State, shall annually on or before the first Monday in November report to the Superintendent of Public Works, under oath, upon the following subjects, viz;

1. Stock and debts of the Company he represents,
2. Cost of construction of Road.
3. Cost of equipment.
4. Length of Road.
5. Length completed.
6. Length uncompleted.
7. Length of branches.
8. Length of side tracks.
9. Weight of rail per yard.
10. Length and character of bridging.
11. Cost and value of buildings and fixtures.
12. Present state of equipment, with statement of number and character of engines, cars, &c.
13 Business of the year; number of miles run by passenger trains; number of miles run by freights trains; number of tons of freight carried one mile; number of passengers carried one mile. rates of fare of first and second class passenger; rates per ton per mile of freight.
14. Cost of operating Road.
15. Earnings.
16. Value of material on hand.
17 Actual cost of transporting freight per ton per mile.
18. Actual cost of transporting passengers per mile.

Accidents and their causes, and in cases of injury to person, the extent of injury, and whether of passengers or employees, and if said accident happened by the negligence or fault of any employee, whether such person is still in the employ of the Company.

20. Number of employees and their compensation.

Sec. 2. In case of failure to report, or in case of any false report, as hereinbefore provided, the party or parties so failing or making such false report, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction in the Superior Court of Wake County, be punished by fine of not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars.

Sec. 3. It is hereby made the duty of the Superintendent of Public Works to inform the Attorney General of any failure to report, or of any false report, as hereinbefore provided, and the said Attorney General shall prosecute, in the name of the State, such party or parties failing to report, or making such false report.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Public Works to prepare and furnish to the Presidents and Superintendents of all Roads in this State, suitable forms for the foregoing mentioned returns.

Sec. 5. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 245]

An act to amend Chapter two, Section five, of an act entitled "An act concerning the government of Counties," ratified fourteenth of August, eighteen hundred and sixty eight.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, Strike out all in said section and insert; "They may hold special meetings on the first Monday in every month; and no special meeting shall be holden for more than two days Every meeting shall be open to all persons. They may adjourn their regular meetings in February and September, from day to day, until the business before them is disposed of.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 240.)

An act authorizing the County Commissioners to purchase the bonds of their Counties.

Whereas, The County Commissioners of Union County have purchased certain bonds of their County at a discount, and whereas, doubts have been expressed of the right of the Commissioners of Counties to make such purchases, therefore,

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That all purchases of County bonds heretofore made by County Commissioners, are hereby confirmed.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for County Commissioners to purchase, at any price not more than their par value and accumulated interest, any of the outstanding liabilities for their Counties.

Sec. 3. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 241.)

An act to Punish Persons Injuring or Killing Live Stock.

(Passed April 9th 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That if any person shall kill or abuse any horse, mule, cattle, hog, sheep or other cattle, the property of another, in any inclosure not surrounded by a lawful fence, such persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined or imprisoned at the discretion of the Court.

Ratified the 10th, day of April 1869.

(No. 245.)

An act to establish the days any places for selling real property under execution.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That so much of section fourteen of chapter forty-five of the Revised Code as relates to sale of slaves, and so much as relates to the days of sale of real property, be hereby repealed.

Sec 2. So much of section sixteen of chapter forty-five of the Revised Code, as prescribes the time of advertising the sale of land and slaves under execution, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. So much of section two hundred and sixty three of the Code of Civil Procedure, as relates to the days of sale, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. Section two of an act entitled "An act for regulating the selling of land under execution," ratified the twenty-fourth day of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. All private acts by which land in particular Counties are required or allowed to be sold at places or times, other than those hereinafter prescribed, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. The repeal of the above mentioned acts and parts of acts shall not invalidate any proceedings had under them before this act goes into effect, and on sale heretofore made under any of said acts shall be invalid because of an irregularity or mistake in the day of sale.

Sec. 7. All real property sold under execution or by virtue of an order or judgment of a Court in this State shall be sold at the Cour. House of the county in which the property, or some part thereof, is situated.

Sec. 8. The sale shall be during the first three days of the term of the Superior Court of the County, or on the first Monday in a month, or on the Monday and Tuesday next succeeding such Saturday.

Sec. 9. The Sheriff, for the absence of bidders or other just cause, may postpone a sale from day to day, but not more than six days; upon such postponement he shall post a notice thereof at the Court House door.

Sec. 10. No real property shall be sold until the same shall have been advertised for thirty days at the door of the Court House of the County in which the sale is to take place, and at three other public places in the County. In lieu of advertisement in the three other public places in the County, advertisement once a week for four weeks, in some newspaper published in the County, will suffice.

Sec. 11. In addition to the advertisements above required the Sheriff shall in every case, at least ten days before sale of real property under execution, serve a copy of so much of the advertisement as relates to the real property of any defendant, on him personally, if to be found in the County, or on his agent, if he have a known agent, within the County, or if he be not to be found within the County, and have no known agent therein, but his address be known, by mail to such address and the date of service shall be ascertained by the usual course of the mail from the place where sent to the place of its redress.

Sec. 12. An act entitled "An act to protect property sold under execution, from sacrifice," ratified the twenty-sixth day of February, eighteen hundred sixty-seven, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 13. This act shall go into effect at the end of thirty days from its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

[No. 228.]

An act to facilitate the transfer of unfinished business from the Military Tribunals to the Civil Courts of this State.

Whereas, Major General D. E. Sickles, while commanding the Second Military District, in pursuance of a petition filed with him, in behalf of the Directors and other parties interested in the Lexington Bank, by Special Order No. 121, dated August the 9th, 1867, ordered that the said Bank of Lexington should go into immediate liquidation, and appointed Jesse H. Lindsay of Greensboro, Guilford county, in this State, a receiver of its assets, with instructions and powers to possess himself of the same; and, whereas, Major General E. R. S. Canby, who succeeded to the command of said Military District, when the said command was about to expire, by Special Order No. 166, second series, dated July 22d, 1868, ordered that "the unfinished business of the Bank of Lexington, N. C., be remitted to the Civil Courts of North Carolina, the said Jesse H. Lindsay continuing to act as receiver thereof until otherwise ordered by proper civil authority;" and, whereas, the said Jesse H Lindsay has the assets of the said Bank now in his hands, and being the appointee of no civil tribunal of this State, is subject to the orders and control of no one, and is without the power or authority to proceed with the unfinished business of said Bank; therefore,

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina. That the said Jesse H. Lindsay be authorized and required to transfer to, and file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Guilford county, all the original papers presented to the military commanders, by any of the parties interested, and all orders and directions which were at any time issued, or transmitted to him by the said commanders.

Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of the said Superior Court Clerk to receive the papers so transferred to him, and to file the same as records in his office, and to docket the cause with its proper title, in his docket of civil issues; and after the same is done, the said cause shall be conducted and provided in, in all respects, as are actions pending in the Superior Court of said county of Guilford.

Sec. 3. That the said Jesse H. Lindsay, until otherwise ordered by said Court, shall continue to act as the receiver of said Bank of Lexington, with all the powers and all the duties appertaining to such office, including the right to sue, in his name as receiver of the Bank of Lexington, for the assets thereof; and in all and every particular, the said receiver shall be subject to the control and direction of the Superior Court of Guilford county, the same as if he had been originally appointed thereby.

Sec. 4. That all the acts of the said Jesse H. Lindsay, as receiver in the premises, heretofore done in obedience to, or compliance with, any order or direction of either of the said military commanders, be and the same is hereby ratified.

Sec. 5. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, 1869.

[No. 233]

An act requiring Sheriffs to give sufficient bonds.

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That it shall be the duty of the County Commissioners, in each and every county of the State, to make immediate examination of the bonds of Sheriffs in their several counties, and if, on such examination, it shall be found, in the opinion of said Commissioners, that such bond is insufficient to secure the faithful accounting of the revenue of the county and State, for the current year, the Chairman shall forthwith notify said Sheriff, in writing, to appear within ten days, and give other and better security, or justify his present security on his bond.

Sec. 2. On the appearance of said Sheriff, the County Commissioners shall have power to take new bond, with sufficient security, in double the amount of the taxes to be placed in his hands for the current year, or to justify by proof or otherwise, his present bond; and in case such Sheriff shall fail to appear on notice, or fail to give sufficient bond, or to justify his present bond, it shall be the duty of the County Commissioners to elect forthwith, some suitable person in the County to collect the taxes for the ensuing year, who shall give like bond, and be subject to like obligations and penalties.

Sec. 3. That if any County Commissioners shall fail to comply in good faith with the provisions of this act, they shall be liable for all losses sustained in the collection of taxes, on motion to be made by the Solicitor of the District, and also be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars.

Sec. 4. The County Commissioners shall call a meeting forthwith, after the ratification of this act, to comply with the same.

Sec. 5. The Secretary of State is required, immediately on the ratification of this act, to send a certified copy to each Chairman of the County Commissioners of each county.

Sec. 6. This act to take effect from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

[No. 238.]

An act to amend title Twenty of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to ratify stays of execution granted by Justices of the peace in certain cases

[Passed April 1st, 1869.]

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That title twenty of the Code of Civil Procedure be amended by inserting between sections five hundred and five and five hundred and six, chapter second of said title, the following as an additional section, to-wit:

"Sec. 505 Stay of execution. In all actions founded on contract made since the first day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-five, whereon judgments are rendered in Justices' Courts, stay of execution, if prayed for at the trial by the defendant or his attorney, shall be granted by the Justices in the following manner, for any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars, one month; any sum above twenty-five dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, three months; for any sum above fifty dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars, four months; for any sum above one hundred dollars, six months. But no stay of execution shall be allowed in any section wherein judgment is rendered on a former judgment taken before a Justice of the Peace."

Sec. 2. That all stays of execution which have been granted since the twenty-fourth day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, or which may be granted hereafter, till the ratification of this act, agreeably to section eleven, chapter sixty-two, of the revised Code, be, and every such stay is, hereby ratified and rendered valid.

Sec. 3. That section five hundred and three of the Code of Civil Procedure be amended by inserting between the words "rendered," and "the," in line five thereof, the following words: "Or in such case he shall also deliver to the defendant, or his attorney, a transcript of any stay of execution issued, or which may thereafter be issued, by him in such judgment, which may be in like manner filed and docketed in the office of the clerk of said Court, and by inserting after the word "Court," in the line twelve thereof, the following words; Provided, That in case a stay of execution upon such judgment shall be granted, as provided herein, executions upon such judgment shall not be issued by the clerk of the Superior Court until the expiration of such stay.

Sec. 4. That this act shall take effect from the day of its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, 1869.

[No. 242.]

An act to protect Sheriffs in the sale of lands for taxes.

[Passed April 10th, 1869]

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That in all cases of a levy made on land for the taxes, which may be due from the owner thereof, the Sheriff shall make return of said levy to the Superior Court of the county in which the levy is made, for the purpose of a judgment of condemnation, and all other proceedings now required by law.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 243.)

An act requiring suits on official bonds to be brought in the county where the bonds were given.

(Passed April 7th, 1869.)

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That all suits upon official bonds or against executors and administrators in their fiduciary capacity, shall be instituted in the County where the bonds were or shall be given, if the principal or any of the sureties on the bond is in county, if not, then in the plaintiff's county.

Sec. 2. That all laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 249.)

An act to establish a public Ferry across the north-east branch of the Cape Fear River.

[Passed April 10th, 1869.]

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That William H. French and Charles E. Taylor, their heirs and assigns, are hereby authorized and required to establish and keep up a public ferry on the north-east branch of the Cape Fear River at the point and place where the public road from Wilmington to Rocky Point crosses said branch, one mile, more or less, above the place where the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad crosses said branch.

Sec. 2. That the right to keep up and establish said ferry shall be and is hereby vested in the said William H. French and Charles E. Taylor, their heirs and assigns, for and during the full end and term of ninety years.

Sec. 3. That it shall be lawful for the said William H. French and Charles E. Taylor, their heirs and assigns, to receive such tolls and rates of ferriage at the said ferry as shall be prescribed and regulated by the Commissioners of New Hanover County, and it shall be the duty of Commissioners to prescribe and regulate such tolls at their first meeting after the ratification of this act.

Sec. 4. That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons or corporation to erect any other ferry across said branch within three miles of said ferry.

Sec. 5. That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 259.

An act to be entitled "An act to incorporate the Wilmington and Seaside Railroad Company.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That for the purpose of effecting a rail communication between the city of Wilmington and the sea-shore in the county of New Hanover, Richard Bradley, Edwin C. Curtiss, John W. Cameron, Samuel J. Person, Joseph O. Abbott, Fred. F. French, Henry Servoss, Charles E. Taylor, Ed. L. Hayes, Jr., Thos J. Jones and such other persons as they may associate with them, shall hereafter be a body politic and corporate, by the name of "The Wilmington and Seaside Railroad Company," and by that name shall be capable in law to buy, sell and hold such real and personal estate, make contracts, sue and be sued; to make by-laws, and to do all other acts properly incident to such corporations, and which may be necessary and proper to carry into full effect the intention of this charter; to have and use a common seal, and the same to alter at pleasure; and it shall have, use and enjoy all other rights powers and privileges which by law usually belong to corporations for like purposes.

Sec. 2. That the said Company be and is hereby authorized to make, construct and maintain a Railroad with one or more tracks, to be used with steam or other powers, from some point within the City of Wilmington to the seacoast at Wrightsville or Masonboro Sound, or both, or at such other point or points along the seacoast within New Hanover county, as shall be determined upon by the stockholders; and they may construct branches of said road, may also make connections and lay down and use street tracks within the City of Wilmington, and upon any of the streets thereof, by and with the consent of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the city, and upon such terms and conditions as they shall prescribe.

Sec. 3. The capital stock of the Company shall be two hundred thousand dollars, in shares of one hundred dollars each, but it may be increased to a sum not to exceed five hundred thousand dollars, whenever the Board of Directors may deem it expedient; and in order to get the requisite amount of stock, the persons named in the first section may open books of subscription at such times and places that they may think best.

Sec. 4. Whenever one hundred thousand dollars of stock shall be subscribed and five thousand dollars paid in, it shall be the duty of the persons before named to call a General meeting of the subscribers, who shall elect a Board of Directors, to consist of such number, not less than five, as they may determine, and such Board of Directors shall immediately elect one of their number President, whereupon the Company shall be considered fully organized: And said stockholders may provide in said meeting for the appointment of such other officers and agents as the Company may require, fix the salaries or compensation for all its officers and agents, their terms of office, the mode and time of their election or appointment, and the votes to which the stockholders shall be entitled in general meeting, whether by scale or otherwise, and to make all needful rules and regulations for carrying out the intentions of this charter. The Board of Directors may call in the remainder of the stock subscribed, to be paid in such installments and at such times as they may think proper; and in case any subscriber fail or refuse to make payment according to such call, the Directors, after giving twenty days notice, may sell at public auction the shares subscribed by him, or so many thereof as will pay the whole of the remainder then due upon his subscription, whether it is all then called for or not; and if there should still remain a balance due after selling and applying the Company may recover such balance before any Court which has jurisdiction of the sum so remaining unpaid.

Sec. 6. That whenever any lands may be required for the said Railroad, its branches and connections, and an agreement cannot be made with the owner thereof, the company, such ower may apply to the Clerk of the Superior Court in writing to cause the damage, if any, to be assessed by five referees, who shall be entirely disinterested, either directly or indirectly, whereupon it shall be the duty of the clerk to call upon the party filing the petition to name two of the referees, and to notify the other party to name two others within five days of the service of notice, and the clerk shall appoint the fifth referee in all cases; but should either party fail to appoint at the expiration of five days after the notice is served upon the defendant as above provided for, then the clerk shall appoint others to make up the number of five, and the whole of them in case both of the parties should have failed to appoint. The clerk shall issue notice to the referees to attend on the lands on account of which the petition is filed, and lay off right of way, which shall extend five feet on each side of the center of the track, and also to condemn so much in addition as may be necessary for turnouts, depots and other necessary appurtenances to said Railroad and its branches and connections; and assess the damages, if any, of the owner of the land, take into consideration any benefit or advantage to the ower and his line, accruing, or to accrue from the construction of the road, and return their award in writing, under oath, (which may be administered by the clerk or any Justice of the Peace for the County,) within ten days and the award, when filed, shall be recorded and become a judgment of the Superior Court and execution may issue thereon, returnable in sixty days, but if either party is dissatisfied, and notify the clerk, in writing, of his intention to appeal to the next term of the Superior Court, such party shall have five days to give an appeal bond, or undertaking with two sufficient sureties, in such sum as the clerk may fix to cover costs and damages: and both parties may appeal from the same award, and the trial in the Superior Court shall be *de novo*, and the fact, submitted to a jury if either party request it But as soon as the award is filed, whether there be an appeal or not, the company may enter upon the lands and use them in constructing said railroad track and appurtenances.

Sec. 7. That said company may build their railroad tracks over any navigable stream, by putting a sufficient draw in the bridge or other structure, so as not to injure navigation and may cross and run along all public roads, where it may be necessary, by keeping them in good and convenient repair at the crossings, and by constructing a new road, equally as good and convenient, where they run along any portion of an old road.

Sec. 8. That said company shall have the right to transport passengers, freight and mails upon the said railroad, its branches and connections and may fix such rates of fare, tolls, and compensation therefor as the Directors may deem expedient and just.

Sec. 9 Any person who shall in any manner injure or obstruct said railroad its branches and connections, besides being held liable for damages in a civil action, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished in any court having jurisdiction by fine or imprisonment, or both in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect from its ratification, and the said company shall have the exclusive right for a term of thirty years from its full organization to construct and use the aforesaid railroad and its branches and connections as hereinbefore authorized.

Ratified the 12th day of April, 1869.

[No. 253.]

An act to enable John L. Banks, late tax collector of Johnston, to collect arrears of taxes due him.

(Passed April 10th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That John L. Banks, late tax collector of the County of Johnston, be authorized to collect the arrears of taxes due him on the lists of the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven; Provided, that the tax shall be collected in no case, where the tax payer make oath before any Justice of the Peace for the county of Johnston, that the tax claimed to be due has been paid.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

[No. 254.]

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to establish special courts in the city of Wilmington and New Berne."

[Passed April 10th, 1869.]

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That an act entitled An act to establish Special Courts in the cities of Wilmington and New Berne, ratified the eleventh day of August, Anno Domini, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, be and the same is hereby amended by repealing each and every provision of said act establishing a Special Court.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

[No. 255.]

An act authorizing the Commissioners of Polk county to levy a special tax.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the Commissioners of Polk County be authorized to levy a special tax of twelve hundred dollars, annually, for three years, to defray the expenses of said County, by submitting it to the qualified voters of said County.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 256.)

An act concerning fisheries in Carteret County.

(Passed April 8th, 1869.)

Section 1, The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That persons who own lands, or who have leased the same, in Carteret County fronting to or bounded by creek, river, sound or other water course, shall be protected in every right and franchise incident to the same

Sec. 2. That whenever any such person as mentioned in section one shall have any fishery or place prepared for catching fish, or who have planted oysters, it shall not be lawful for any other person to interfere with such fishery or oyster bed, or to catch fish with nets within the channel and high water mark, without consent of such owner.

Sec. 3. That if any person does so interfere, he shall be subject to a penalty as high as one hundred dollars, and may be indicted in the Superior Court for a misdemeanor,

Sec. 4. That all acts and clauses of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1862.

(No. 257.)

An act to empower Arthur Gaskins to re-open his Ferry from Newbern.

(Passed April 10th, 2869)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That Arthur Gaskins of Craven County, his heirs and assigns, shall have the power to run ferry boats, from any point on Wiggin Creek across Neuse River to any public point in or above Newbern, for the space of twenty years.

Sec. 2. The County Commissioners of Craven County are hereby empowered, when they shall deem it necessary for the interest of the people of Craven County, to condemn land from any point or points on Wiggins' Creek to the public road, and to construct said road forever to be a public road, to the ferry landing: said public landing shall be free to all owners of boats.

Sec 3. This act shall take effect from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 258.)

An act to confer power upon Commissioners of Counties.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That in all cases where the presence of a majority of the Justices of the County Courts, or where seven Justices is necessary to exercise a power under the laws of North Carolina heretofore existing in such cases, the County Commissioners or a majority of them, shall exercise the same power, and their acts shall be in all such cases valid and binding.

Sec. 2. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April A. D 1869.

(No. 250.)

An act to authorize the Sheriff of Beaufort county to collect arrears of taxes.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That Samuel T. Carrow, Sheriff of Beaufort County, be hereby empowered to collect arrears of taxes due for State and county purposes for the years eighteen hundred and sixty seven and eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and the said Sheriff shall have power to enforce the same that is given to Sheriffs for the collection of taxes in other cases.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 251.)

An act in favor of paying the burial expenses &c., of Hon. Richard I. Wynne, deceased.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the Treasurer of the State be instructed to pay out of any money not otherwise appropriated, the burial expenses of the late Hon Richard I. Wynne, and the cost of carrying his remains to the town of Louisburg, Franklin County.

Ratified the 14th day of April, 1869.

(No. 252.)

An act to provide for the erection of a Penitentiary.

(Passed April 8th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the Penitentiary required to be built by Article eleven, section three, of the Constitution be erected at or near Raleigh, Wake county, on a site selected by the Commissioners.

Sec. 2. That a stockade including not less than four, nor more than six acres of land, shall be immediately erected, inclosing said site, and that within this stockade shall be built five hundred cells for convicts, to be constructed in the most approved manner, after the most recent plans, to be sanctioned by the Commissioners hereafter to be appointed, embracing all improvements and necessary accommodations, and security for safe keeping and health, required in institutions of this kind, and to construct it on a plan that will hereafter admit of having added thereto other cells as may be required by the necessities of the State, without destroying the symmetry of the building, but as completing the original design; and to be enclosed by a wall of such dimensions and solidity as is usual in the best constructed institutions of this kind in our country; Provided, That the outer wall of the Penitentiary be constructed of granite rock or round sand stone, and that the exterior wall of the cells be of [illegible] that the walls in the interior, dividing the cells or forming corridors, may be of brick if approved by the aforesaid Commissioners, and that the building be well ventilated and capable of being warmed as may be desired, in the use of the most recent and approved means.

Sec. 3. That when any lands, right of way, quarry or quarries of rock, may be required for the construction of the Penitentiary, or to make access to, or egress from it convenient, and if for want of agreement as to the value of such property the same cannot be purchased from the owner or owners, the same may be taken by the Commissioners at a valuation made by five disinterested persons, or a majority of them, to be appointed by the Commissioners of the County in which the property is held. Said persons shall make a proper return to the Clerk of the Superior Court of the award, which shall be placed on file in that office; Provided however, That either party to this proceeding may have an appeal to the Superior Court. The award shall in its final settlement, be paid by the Commissioners.

Sec. 4. That C. L. Harris, Alfred Dockery, S. F. Patterson, Alfred Howe and G. Wm. Welker, be and are hereby appointed Commissioners, who shall purchase the site selected, to consist of not less than twelve, nor more than twenty-five acres, if purchased, and have the conveyance of the same property made to the State and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County in which the Penitentiary shall be erected; Provided, That if any person or persons shall make a free gift of the tract of land selected as the site for the Penitentiary, they are authorized to have the same conveyed to the State for the use and benefit of the Penetentiary, and to have the deed recorded as aforesaid.

Sec. 5. That the Treasurer be authorized to pay to said Commissioners, from any moneys in the Treasurer not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be needed for actual expenses in the erection of the said Penetentiay, together with the necessary implements and machinery for the profitable employment of the convicts therein, not to exceed the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) in any one year, from the taxes collected by the revenue bill ratified on the —— day of —— eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and this is so much amended as to embrace this appropriation. All requisitions shall be signed by the Commissioners and approved by the Governor; that said sums are appropriated.

Sec. 6. That said Commissioners shall, in every instance possible, make use of the labor of the convicts in preparation of the material and the erection of the cells and wall, in order to lessen the public expense, and that they be allowed to use all proper and humane means to prevent their escape.

Sec. 7. Said Commissioners shall give bond and approved security to the State, in a sum approved by the Governor, for the faithful application of the money drawn by them from the Treasury: Provided, That the Commissioners shall not pay over any portion of the sum authorized by section five, until all proposals for the location of the Penitentiary shall be fully complied with and shall report a full and correct account of his receipts and disbursements to the General Assembly every year, until the building, as provided for in this act, is completed. They shall contract for the performance of the work provided for in this act, and the material used in the same by first rate workmen on such terms as are just and prudent. Provided, That in any contract so made, it shall be required that as much of the labor of the convicts as can be made available shall be used in the erection of the Penitentiary, and in the quarrying and preparation of the stone, and on such terms as are equitable and just to the State and the contractor. The contractor shall be required to give bond and sufficient security for the proper fulfillment of the contract, and he shall not be released from its terms or the sum contracted for be paid him, until the General Assembly is satisfied that, in all respects, the contract has been complied with, and all contracts made by the Commissioners shall be writing, and shall be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County aforesaid.

Sec. 8. The Commissioners shall be authorized to appoint an Architect, Superintendent, assistants, and guard for the management and safe keeping of the prison, and fix their salaries until the meeting of the General Assembly. They shall also approve of the design of the building and they may appoint one of their number under instructions, to visit one or more of the largest and best managed State Prisons or Penitentiaries in this country, and obtain information that will aid them in the prosecution of their work. Provided, That none of the aforesaid Commissioners shall hold any position as Superintendent or any other office of the institution, nor be interested, directly or indirectly in any contract made for the construction of the Penitentiary or any part relating thereto.

Sec. 9. That any vacancy occurring in the Board of Commissioners by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled by the Governor. Said Commissioners shall receive no compensation for their service over and above all the necessary and actual expenses incurred in the prosecution of the business intrusted to them by General Assembly.

Sec. 10. That so soon as provision is made for their safe keeping and support, the Commissioners shall apply to the Governor, who shall order to be placed under their charge as many of the convicts, whose term of punishment is longest, as may be needed in the quarrying of stone, the preparation of the site and grounds, and the erection of the cells; Provided, That until permanent cells are erected, the convicts shall be kept in temporary cells provided within the stockade on the site and the quarry.

Sec. 11. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D 1869.

[No. 212]

An act to lay off and establish a Public Road in the counties of Davie and Davidson, and to establish a Public Ferry across the Yadkin River.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That P. R. Martin and G. W. Sheetz, their heirs and assigns, are hereby authorized to establish a Ferry across the Yadkin River at or near the Robert Foster Fishing bar, in the county of Davie, on the lands of the said P. R. Martin and G. W. Sheetz.

Sec. 2. That the right to establish and keep up said Ferry shall be, and is hereby vested in the said P. R. Martin and G. W. Sheetz, their heirs and assigns during the full end and time of fifty years.

Sec. 3. That it shall be lawful for the said P. R. Martin and G. W. Sheetz, their heirs and assigns, to receive such tolls and rates of ferriage at said Ferry, as shall be prescribed and regulated by the Commissioners of the County of Davie.

Sec. 4 That the Commissioners of the Counties of Davidson are authorized and required to appoint the Commissioners in each of said Counties to lay off a Public Road from Fork Church in the County of Davie to Holtsburg on the North Carolina Rail Road in the County of Davidson, crossing the Yadkin River at said Ferry.

Sec. 5. That the said Commissioners, or a majority of them, after having been first sworn before some Justice of the Peace of one of said Counties, shall assess the damage that ought to be paid any person or persons over whose land said Road may pass, and shall make due return of their proceedings to the Commissioners of the Counties of Davie and Davidson, at their first meeting after the ratification of this act, and upon return of said Road Commissioners, it shall be the duty of the County Commissioners of each of said Counties, to cause to be paid to owners of lands so condemned, in their respective Counties, such sum or sums as may be assessed by the Commissioners aforesaid.

Sec. 6. That after said Road shall have been laid off and established as hereinbefore provided, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners of the Counties of Davide and Davidson to appoint overseers and hands for the working and keeping up of said Road as other public roads are required by law to be kept up.

Sec. 7. That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 213.)

An act to authorize the County Commissioners of Columbus County to levy a special tax.

(Passed April 20th, 1869.

Sec. 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the Commissioners of Columbus County are authorized to levy a special tax upon all property of the County, taxable under the general revenue laws of the State, to a sum sufficient to pay the outstanding accounts and expenses of this County.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April A. D. 1869.

(No. 215)

An act to authorize the County Commissioners of Mitchell and Yalkin Counties to levy a special tax.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the County commissioners of the county of Mitchell are hereby authorized to levy a special tax for the purpose of completing the court house in said county; Provided, That said special tax shall not exceed the sum of two thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. That the county commissioners of the county of Yancey, be authorized to levy a special tax for the purpose of completing the jail of said county; said tax not to exceed two thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 218.

An act to Authorize and empower Rufus Galloway, late Sheriff of Brunswick county, to collect arrears of taxes.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That Rufus Galloway, late Sheriff of Brunswick county, be, and is hereby authorized and empowered to collect all arrears of taxes due him for the years 1866 and 1867, which collection shall be made under the same rules, regulations and restrictions as other collection of taxes are, by virtue of the laws of the State: Provided, That the provisioners of this act shall not extend beyond the first day of January, 1870.

Sec. 2. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 219.]

An act in relation to taking shad and herring in the Waters of Neuse River and Contentnea Creek.

Section 1. The general Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That from and after the tenth day of April, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, there shall be no seine, drift net, pon net, or any other net or snare set or placed in the waters of Newse River from its mouth to where Contentnea Creek empties into said River, nor in the waters of Contentnea Creek from where it empties into Newse River to Bell's Ferry on said Creek, for the purpose of taking shad or herring in said waters on the following days to wit: From Tuesday morning sun rise, to Wednesday morning sun rise, and from Friday morning sun rise, to Saturday morning sun rise in each week.

Sec. 2. Any person violating the provisions of this act, shall be considered guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars for each offence, and imprisoned not less than three months.

Sec. 3. Any person informing of parties violating this act, shall, on conviction of the party, receive one-half of the fine, the other half to go to the support of the poor of the County.

Sec. 4. This act shall be in force from and after the tenth day of April, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869

(No. 221.)

An act to prevent the hunting of wild fowl with fire in Carteret and other Counties.

Passed April 8th 1869.

Whereas, Much evil exists in the Counties of Carteret, Craven, Hyde, Currituck, Tyrrell and Robeson, from the practice of hunting wild fowl with fire in said Counties. Therefore,

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That if any person whatsoever shall hunt wild fowl in the Counties of Carteret, Craven, Hyde, Carrituck, Tyrrell and Onslow with fire, from and after the passage of this act, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction for the same, shall be fined not less that twenty or more than fifty dollars, and shall be imprisoned not less than ten nor more than thirty days.

Sec. 2. That any person who shall inform the Court or Solicitor of the district, or any Justice of the Peace, of the name of any person guilty of such violation of this act, shall be entitled to receive one-half of said fine.

Sec. 3. That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act shall be and are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 225.

An act for the benefit of securities and endorsers.

[Passed April 10th, 1869.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That in all cases where any security or endorser on any note, bill, bond, or other written obligation, shall consider himself in danger of loss in consequence of his contingent liability, either from the insolvency or misconduct of the principal, in said note, bill, bond, or other written obligation, or from the negligence of the payee or holders of any such instrument, it shall be lawful for such security or endorser at any time after such note, bill, bond, or other written obligation shall have become due and payable, to cause written notice to be given to the payee or holder of any such paper or obligation, requiring him to bring suit on said obligation, and to use all reasonable diligence to save harmless such security or endorser; Provided, Nothing herein contained shall apply to official bonds, or bonds given by any person acting in a judiciary capacity.

Sec. 2. Should the payee or holder of [illegible] obligation, refuse or fail, within thirty days from the service of said notice, to bring suit in the appropriate Court in an effort to save harmless such security or endorser, such failure to sue, or negligence shall operate as a discharge of such security or endorser from all liablity whatever, on any such note, bond, bill, or other written obligation; Provided, That this notice shall not have the effect to discharge from liablity any co-security who has not given a separate notice as required by this act; Provided further, That this act shall not apply to holders of such note, bill, bond, or obligation, who hold the same as collateral security or in trust.

Sec. 3. And such notice shall be in writing and served by the Sheriff or his Deputy, who shall return it to the party for whose benefit the notice was issued, which shall be evidence of the fact in all the Courts of this State; Provided, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to any notes, bonds, or other obligations affected by the present stay law of the State.

Sec. 4. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April 1869.

[No. 232]

An act to declare it a misdemeanor for any county officer to speculate in county claims.

[Passed April 8th, 1869.]

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That if any Clerk, Sheriff, Register of Deeds, County Treasurer or other County or State officer shall engage in the purchasing of any County or State claims at a less price than its full and true value, or at any rate of discount thereon, or be interested in any speculation in such claims, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and subject to indictment in the Superior Court of the County in which the offence is committed; and, on conviction thereof, he shall be liable to removal from office at the discretion of the Court

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 237)

An act to make valid all judgments in attachment cases since the adoption of the Code of Civil Precedure.

(Passed April 8th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That no irregularity in the issuance of the summons, leaving processes otherwise, shall render invalid any proceedings by attachment since the adoption of the Code of Civil Porcedure, and prior to the adoption of this act; and all judgments rendered in any of the Courts of this State, in cases of attempt since, the ratification of the Code to Civil Procedure, are hereby declared valid to all intents and purposes, any irregularity in the issuance of the summons, or other proceedings, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 13 day of April, 1869.

(No. 234.)

An act to extend the time for registering certain Deeds.

(Passed April 9th, 1869)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That all grants of land in this State, all deeds of mesne conveyances, deeds of roll, deeds of gift, powers of attorney, and other conveyances which are allowed or required by law to be proved and registered, shall, within two years after the passage of this act, be admitted to proof and registration under the same rules, regulations and restrictions, as heretofore or hereafter may be provided by law: and when so proved and registered shall be as good and valid as if they had been proved and registered within the time heretofore allowed; Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to mortgages and conveyances in trust, or to marriage settlements.

Ratified the 22d day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 227.)

An act to amend the twenty-first section of the thirty-fourth chapter of the revised code.

(Passed April 9th, 1869.)

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact. That the twenty-first section of the thirty-fourth chapter of the revised Code, be amended to read as follows;

If any person shall steal, or feloniously take and carry away, any Indian corn wheat, rice, or other grain, or any cotton, tobacco, potatoes, peanuts, pulse or any fruit, vegetable or other produce cultivated for food or market, growing, standing or remaining ungathered, in any field or ground, he shall be deemed guilty of larceny and punished accordingly.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

(No. 230.)

An Act to amend an Act to provide for funding the matured Interest on the Public Debt, ratified August twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight.

(Passed April 12th, 1869.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact. That Section five of the act to provide for funding the matured interest on the public debt, be amended to read as follows;

"Past-due bonds shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, annum, until October first, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight."

Sec. 2 The Public Treasurer is directed to allow interest on such past due bonds only, until October first, eighteen hundred and sixty eight, and his action heretofore in allowing interest only to that date, is hereby confirmed.

Sec. 3 This act shall be in force from ratification.

Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

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BONNETS,
HATS,
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which he is offering at remarkably low prices for Cash or Country Produce. Call and examine my Goods before purchasing elsewhere, and save money.

june 24tf. J. W. CLARKE.

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THE Fall Session of this Institution will commence on the 19th day of August next, and continue twenty weeks. Preparatory and Normal Departments, and a General Course of [illegible] Entire expenses including board, $85 to $100. All the benefits of the Institution offered, free of charge, to a limited number of residents in the State.

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SOLOMON POOL, President.
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WE have printed, and for sale, a splendid lot of Blanks for County officers—such as

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FOR CLERKS AND JUDGES OF PROBATE.—Summons, Capias Subpœnas, Administration and Guardian Bond Letters Testamentary, Guardianship and Administration Acknowledgement and Private Examination of Married Women, Justification of Bail, Executions, Ven Ex's, &c.

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CASSIMERES for pants and suits, ready made clothing, &c., at
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Family Groceries.

J. L. EAVES announces to the public that he has in Store at Spartanburg C. H., S. C., a nice assortment of **Sugars, Coffees, Salt, Molasses, Cotton Yarns, &c., &c.**

Also a full supply of Confectioneries, which he will sell sheap for cash or barter.

He asks for a call from those visiting Spartanburg. july 8-1m

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YOu can get Bowman's yarn at
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Invite the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of the above, of their own publication, manufacture and importation.

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Importers and Manuf'rs of Photographic Materials.

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Now is the time to buy your Salt for winter use.

I Have just received and have on hand for sale a large lot of the best quality of Liverpool Salt which I am offering low for cash or country produce.

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REPAIRING in Wood and Iron done at the lowest rates by
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Paints, Dyestuffs, &c.,

BLUE Paints, Yellow Paint, Green Paint White Lead, Madder, Rosine, &c., &c., at J. W. CLARKE'S

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For Sale.

2 GOOD two-horse WAGONS; one new one second-hand.

We will exchange them for Corn or Green backs at fair rates. Apply at

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To shoot close and kill 60 yards. Price $2.50. WANTED—Army Guns and Revolvers. Send stamp for price list Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers to JOHNSTON'S GUN WORKS Pittsburgh, Pa.

Ask Your Doctor or Druggist for SWEET QUININE—it equals (bitter) Quinine. Is made only by F. STEARNS, Chemist, Detroit.

The Purest, Best and Cheapest LAUNDRY SOAP,

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SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

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Best and cheapest Deodorizer in existence.
For Out-houses, Water-Closets, &c.
Instantly stops bad smells and noxious gases.
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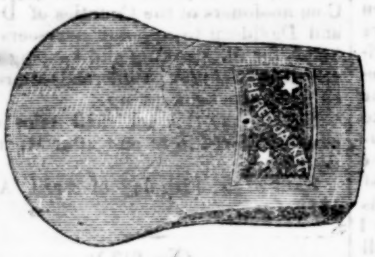

Is better than our regular shaped Axes for these reasons: First—It cuts deeper. Second—It don't stick in the wood. Third—It does not jar the hand. Fourth—No time is wasted in taking the Axe out of the cut. Fifth—With the same labor you will do one third more work than with regular Axes. Red paint has nothing to do with the good qualities of the Axe, for all our Axes are painted red. If your hardware store does not keep our goods, we will gladly answer inquiries or fill your orders direct, or give you the name of the nearest dealer who keeps our Axes.

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The Ladies Elastic Supporter (G. C. Stillson,) for monthly use. Simple, convenient and neat. For sale at millinery and fancy goods stores. Samples by mail on receipt of one dollar. DR. J. M. ROGERS, Marietta, Ga., Ga., sole agent for South Carolina, Ga., Fla., Ala., Miss., La.

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If you require a reliable remedy to relieve you and remove irregularities or Obstructions, why not use the best? A never failing remedy will be found in

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They are safe and sure in every case. Upwards of 50,000 Boxes are sold annually, for they accomplish what they are represented to do, and give entire satisfaction.

They are not a new discovery but a long tried remedy for

All Female Difficulties,

They are perfectly harmless, but take, and may be taken at any time with safety. Price One Dollar per box.

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Price, Five Dollars per Box.

Do not be imposed on by dealers offering you substitutes, as many of them are worthless but Dr. Harvey's Pills may always be relied on and if you cannot procure them of your druggist send the money to BRYAN & CO., 64 Cedar Street, New York, and they will be sent by return of mail well sealed. *Send a Stamp for a Private Circular.*

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Ladies or Gentlemen are offered liberal inducements to act as agents, and an opportunity to earn from $3 to $10 per day. No capital necessary. Enclose stamp and address RUSS & CO., 95 Liberty Street, New York.
july 8-1y

LIFE INVIGORATOR,
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for the immediate relief and permanent cure of that condition which unfits the sufferer from performing the duties of life, and which arise from a morbid condition of the kidneys and Bladder, and results in nervous prostration and organic debility.

It is adapted to all derangements of the

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All who use it find speedy relief.

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are restored to

YOUTHFUL VIGOR,

AND OLD AGE WITH A NEW EXISTENCE.

It invigorates and strengthens the system, and gives

Life, Health and Strength

to all who use it and follow the directions. It never fails to remove Nervous Debility, Impotency or Want of Power, and all Weakness arising from Excesses or Youthful Indiscretion, resulting in

LOSS OF MEMORY,	NERVOUS TREMBLING,
UNPLEASANT DREAMS,	GENERAL LASSITUDE,
WEAK NERVES,	DIMNESS OF VISION,
HEADACHE,	FLUSHING OF THE SKIN,

which neglected, will assuredly lead on to

INSANITY OR CORRUPTION.

When the system is once affected it will not recover without help. It must be.

INVIGORATED AND STRENGTHENED

to enable the sufferer to fulfil the duties of life

IT MAY BE RELIED ON IN ALL CASES OF

Epiliptic Fits, Piles, Dropsy, Gravel and Kidney Complaints,

And all weakness arising from diseases that have been neglected or not properly cured.

It is also of great service in many Diseases peculiar to the

FEMALE SEX,

And especially it is so at that Period termed a

CHANGE OF LIFE.

This medicine has been tried by thousands AND NEVER FOUND WANTING.

Under its influence the face will have the bloom of health, the eye its luster, the brain its power. If you are one of those who have violated the laws of health, and find as a result that your physical or mental powers are weakened and that you are unfit for the active duties of life, delay no longer, but try this remedy, for under its influence your system will recover. If you persevere in its use a sure cure is certain.

Sold by the Principal Druggist.

Price One Dollar per Bottle—Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

In those places where we have no agent we will send the medicine by express, and if two or more bottles are purchased at one time we will pay the freight.

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MORE VALUABLE THAN GOLD!!

Bryan's Life Pills,

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Remove Headache, Dizziness, Giddiness, Drowsiness, Unpleasant Dreams, Dimness of Sight, Indigestion, Cleanses the Stomach and Bowels, and

Restores the Sick to Perfect Health.

These are the best family Pills for general use; they act freely on the Liver and Stomach, promote digestion, and cure all those symptoms common to Dyspepsia. They are

PURELY VEGETABLE.

☞ We urge all who are in need of a harmless but efficacious PURIFYING MEDICINE to use this remedy. We have never found a medicine act with more beneficial results.—They are useful in every disorder, and particularly so where the Liver is torpid and the Bowels habitually costive. Sick headache is generally relieved by a single dose. Eruptions on the Face or Body, that arise from Blood Impurities are soon removed. *The Remedy is simple! The effect sure!*

Try them! they only cost 25 cents, and if you cannot get them of your Druggist, send the money to

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And they will be sent by return of mail, post paid. july 8-1y

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TO THE AFFLICTED.

I offer my service to all who decline applying to their regular Physician, and being familiar with the scientific use of all means of investigation and cures of disease. I guarantee to each patient careful consideration and skillful application of the necessary remedies to effect speedy relief. *Advice free,* and the strictest confidence observed in all cases.

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July 8-1y

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has published a very valuable aid to all who desire to gain the affections of the opposite sex, *without regard to wealth, age or beauty.* It is the only really practical work of the kind ever published. It is the only really practical work of the kind ever published. It can be read by the single and the married with interest and pleasure.

Twenty five cents thus expended may give you years of bliss, which none but the happy can fully realize.

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Young Man, if you are suffering from the effects of imprudent habits; and find your self afflicted with Seminal Weakness and Emissions, Impotency, symptoms common to cases of Spermatorrhea, and which assuredly ruins the happiness and unfits the sufferer for BUSINESS PURSUITS OR MARRIAGE, lose no time in procuring the efficacious remedy, known as

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOX.

They are never known to fail to arrest the disease speedily. They can be used without detection or interference with business, and they will assuredly restore you to health.—You may rely upon them in all cases. Send for a box and a statement of your condition, and advice will be sent you FREE OF CHARGE that will if followed result in a permanent cure.

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WANTED—LADY AGENTS, in every Town and Village, to sell what every lady will purchase at sight. Address Miss WILLIAMS, 132 Fulton St., N. Y.
July 15-tf.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE'S COLUMN

KOSKOO,

THE MOST

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY

IN

MODERN PHARMACY.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

KOSKOO.

FOR THE CURE OF

OBSTINATE & LONG-STANDING

OR

CHRONIC DISEASES

OF THE

BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS,

NERVOUS SYSTEM, &C.,

SUCH AS

Scrofula, and *all Scrofulous, Eruptive, Cutaneous, Mercurial,* and *Syphilitic* affections, *Chron- Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Old Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheums;* also, *Chronic Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Debility, Epilepsy, Gleet, Gravel* and all diseases arising from IMPURITIES or POVERTY of the Blood, TORPIDITY of the Liver, DISEASES of the Kidneys or Urinary Organs, Debility of the Nervous System,

The *great superiority* of this medicine *over all others* is, that it *thoroughly eradicates all* HUMORS and TAINTS, and at the same time *changes the Stomache* and *Liver* to an *active,* HEALTHY STATE, *invigorates the Nervous System, renews vitality,* and *can be relied on* as *a safe, pleasant,* and *positive remedy.*

FORMULA AROUND EACH BOTTLE.

This preparation is prepared by an educated experienced, and WELL-KNOWN Physician and Chemist, who has thoroughly tested it in a large practice. It is, therefore, submitted to the public with *full confidence* that its *great merit will cause it to have a popularity* UNEQUALED *in the history of Medical Preparations.*

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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
july 8,6m.

Hardware and Cutlery.

EMBRACING a large assortment of Spades, Axes, Shovels, Hoes of the best quality, Table Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, &c., &c. for sale by
mch25tf JONES & BRYAN.

A CARD

To Wholesale Buyers.

Thanking our numerous friends who in the past so lavishly bestowed their favors upon us, and thereby placing us among the

First of the Merchants of Charlotte.

a title which we recognize with proud satisfaction, which we will endeavor to maintain by

Fair Dealing

and

Extraordinary Inducements,

This coming season, in view of which and the anticipation in the rise of goods, our

MR. RINTELS,

has already left for Northern markets (much earlier than usual) where, by his well known energy and good judgment in the selection of goods suitable for this market, we hope to be able by the

25th of this Month

to present the first and largest stock of goods ever brought to this State by any house, which we respectfully invite our numerous customers and all others who come to this market to purchase.

Very Respectfully,
WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.

Mr. A. R. MAYER

is now with the above famous and well known House where he will be pleased to see his friends

feb.27.tf 6

SMITH'S
Boot, Shoe and Leather Store,

NEXT DOOR TO DEWEY'S BANK,
Charlotte, N. C.

The Largest Wholesale and Retail Shoe Establishment in North Carolina.

Their stock of Leather and Shoe Findings is most complete, embracing every grade of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather, Upper Leather, French and American Calf Skin, Kip, Lasts, &c., &c.

They also furnish all widths of Rubber and Leather Belting at Manufacturers' prices.

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They have received their Fall and Winter Stock, the largest and most complete ever brought to this market, and will sell to merchants at

New York Wholesale Prices.

Their expenses being much less, and as they buy exclusively from manufacturers, there is no reason why they cannot sell at as low prices as the New York Jobber.

All they ask is a fair trial. Remember and ask for

SMITH'S SHOE STORE,

next door to Dewey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C.
dec 19 47-tf

Ladies Dress Goods.

MUSLINS, CALICOES, PRINTS, DELAINES, Grenadines, Poplins, &c., for sale by JONES & BRYAN.
mch. 26tf

Official.

The following ordinance was passed by the Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton at a meeting—June 3rd 1869.

The Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton do ordain

That any person, allowing his, or her, hogs or goats to run at large on the streets longer than 24 hours, shall forfeit and pay for each and every hog or goat so running at large a fine of one dollar per head. This Ordinance to go into effect from and after the 1st day of October 1869.

Factory Yarn.

A GOOD article of Factory Yarn for sale at J. M. CRATON'S
mch25tf

Coffee, Coffee.

LOVERS of Good Coffee would do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. JONES & BRYAN
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J. B. CARPENTER & CO., intend keeping the best Workmen and good material for the manufacture of all work in their line of business. 13-tf.

PERFUMERY, Toilet Soaps, &c., for sale by JONES & BRYAN.
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A LARGE assortment of Notions and Fancy Goods of every variety for sale by
mch.25tf JONES & BRYAN.

RAILROAD CARTS, manufactured by
13-tf. J. B. CARPENTER & CO.

HOOP SKIRTS, and everything else the Ladies want, for sale by
mch25tf JONES & BRYAN.

ALL kinds of Gentleman's Dress Goods, for sale by JONES & BRYAN
mch25tf

MR. ELIAS ALBRIGHT, one of the best workmen in wood, will always be found ready to accommodate his friends, at the shop of
13-tf] J. B. CARPENTER & CO.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds and prices to suit customers, for sale by
mch25tf JONES & BRYAN.

Blacksmithing.

WE have secured the services of W. Tobias Morris in our Blacksmith Shop, who knows what to do with iron.
13 tf.] J. B. CARPENTER & CO.

WANTED.

1000 lbs. Bitter Root,
1000 lbs. May Apple,
1000 lbs. Pereoon Root,
1000 lbs. Butterfly Root,
at JONES & BRYAN'S.
June 24 tf.

THE RUTHERFORD STAR

is

THE LARGEST

Political

PAPER

in

THE STATE

of

NORTH CAROLINA.

TERMS, $2 A YEAR.

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Highest Insurance Authorities

SAY OF THE

BROOKLYN LIFE,

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"A company that makes such endorsements, gives the strongest pledge that it will fulfil its trust faithfully, and keep its reserves sufficient."—HON. ELIZUR WRIGHT.

"The BROOKLYN LIFE has placed itself in the vanguard of insurance reform, and is the first company that has done full and complete justice to the insured."—INSURANCE TIMES, January, 1869.

"The BROOKLYN LIFE has made no half-way work of the adoption, as a merited tribute to the excellent Company (Brooklyn Life) which has so gallantly raised the standard of reform in Life Insurance, that we find in the whole list of existing Companies, few competitors which deserve so much credit in respect of economy of management, or care, skill and judgment in the selection of risks."—INS. SPEC., January, 1869.

The BROOKLYN LIFE, alone of all other Life Insurance Companies, guarantees a definite surrender value in cash, and every policy issued by that Company bears a certificate stating what its exact worth will be in dollars and cents at any time after the payment of two or more premiums.

The Brooklyn Life has paid, and now pays, to its Policy-holders larger dividends than ever before paid by a Life Insurance Company.

Dividends are paid in cash, or applied to the permanent increase of the policy, or left with the Company to accumulate at interest, in either way, at the option of the policy-holder.

CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, President; D. P. FACKLER, Actuary.
WM. M. COLE, Sec.; DANIEL AYERS, M.D., L.L.D., Director.

J. R. GRIFFITH,
General Agent for Western North Carolina

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.—J. H. GILKEY, for McDowell; JOHN M. CRATON, for Rutherford, and W. P. ANDREWS for Cleveland.
[may 13 tf

R. M. ROBINSON,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

IS pleased to inform his friends that he has received from New York the latest fashions for the Spring and Summer of 1869, and is prepared to execute all work in his line in the latest and best styles. Prices moderate to suit the times. Produce taken in exchange for work. SHOP in Eaves' building over Jones & Bryan's Store.

He can fit anything in human shape, From a giant to an ape.

mch.18tf.

SOMETHING NEW.

NICKEL WATCHES.

OF A

SUPERIOR GRADE AND AT REASONABLE PRICES, IN

Gold, Silver & Patent Filled Gold Cases

Movements made by BOREL & COURVOISIER of Newchatel, Switzerland, in Lever, Straightlines, and Equilibrium Escapements Warranted perfect time keepers.

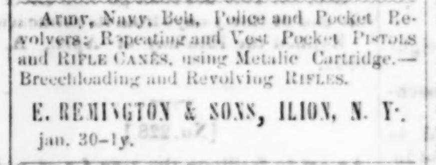
These watches have been sold by us since 1860, and we can guarantee them as perfect and reliable timers.

The Messrs. Borel & Courvoisier have taken the Grand Prize at the late Paris Exposition for superior workmanship, and the greatest perfection in time keeping.

All orders should be addressed to the undersigned, only Agents in the United States

Quinche & Krugler,
Nos. 8 and 10 John street, N. Y.
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF NICKEL WATCHES AND MOVEMENTS
jan 30-1y. [A.A.A.]

REMINGTONS'



Sold by the Trade Generally.
A Liberal Discount to Dealers.

200,000 *Furnished the U. S. Government*

Army, Navy, Belt, Police and Pocket Revolvers; Repeating and Vest Pocket PISTOLS and RIFLE CANES, using Metalic Cartridge.—Breechloading and Revolving RIFLES.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, ILION, N. Y.
jan. 30—1y.

STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS

FROM 4 to 350 HORSE POWER, including the celebrated Corliss Cut Off Engines, Slide Valve Stationary Engines, &c, Circular, Muley and Gang Saw Mills, Sugar Cane Mills, Shafting, Pulleys, &c., Lath and Shingle Mills, Wheat and Corn Mills Circular Saws, Belting, &c. Send for descriptive Circular and Price List.

WOOD MANN STEAM ENG. CO.
Utica, New York
feb 20-6m. (GPR&CO.) 35

Wanted,

10,000 Good seasoned White Oak Spokes, for two horse Wagons. Apply immediately to
20 tf J. B. CARPENTER & CO.

Large Stock of Hardware.

WE OFFER our Stock to the Wholesale and Retail trade at prices to suit the times for cash. Call and see our stock and hear our prices.

BREM, BROWN & CO.
Oates Building, Trade Street,
feb 27 Charlotte, N. C.

CAUTION!

We desire to warn the dealers in, and consumers of snuff generally, that since the war, certain tobacco manufacturers, being unable to find a market for their snuffs, felt themselves obliged to counterfeit the general appearance of our packages, and imitate our Trade Marks, so that a close inspection is necessary to detect the spurious article from the genuine, and others going so far as to assert that "Lorillard's Snuff is no longer made."

In making this publication we desire to warn the public against the impositions practiced upon them, as they are the losers thereby. It will be found upon comparison that Lorillard's Snuff is "far ahead" of all others, being made of the best stock, after an original and secret process known only to ourselves, besides possessing great age, strength and pungency, and is warranted not to contain any dangerous or deleterious substances, which cannot be said of the many worthless articles put our sale by others. The best is the cheapest in the end. A circular will always be mailed on application. In ordering please specify if Salt Snuff (High Toast), or Fresh Snuff (Extra Scotch) is desired.

P. LORILLARD, New York.
mch.18-tf. (G.P.R.&CO.) 8.

Town Ordinances.

The Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton do ordain:

1 That all persons living within the incorporate limits of said town, liable by Law to work on the public road, Be and they are hereby required to work on the streets and roads in said Town six days in each year, or forfeit and pay to the Mayor 75 cents for each day that they may fail so to work, to be sued for and recovered as other taxes and fines are: Provided that in the discretion of the Mayor, such work may be rendered by substitute.

2. That any person or persons who shall engage in any fights, riots, or unlawful assemblies, or who shall be guilty of unbecoming conduct, make use of unbecoming language or shall curse or swear to the annoyance of the citizens of said Town, shall be fined at the discretion of the Mayor not to exceed twenty five dollars.

3. That if any person shall discharge any fire arms, except in cases of actual necesity, or by permission of the Mayor within the following boundries, commencing at Millers old Tan Yard, and then with the branch to where it croses Main street, then straight line east to Glaghorn Creek, then with said Creek to opposite the Male Academy, then a straight line to the begining. Shall pay a fine of one dollar for each such offence.

4. That any person or persons, who shall engage in driving, racing or runing horses through the streets, as to endanger life or property, shall be fined at the discretion of the Mayor not to exceed five dollars.

5. That any person or persons who shall allow his or their horses, mules or other dangerous animals to run at large through the streets (drovers excepted) shall be fined one dollar for each such offence.

6. That any person or persons who shall obstruct any public street or sidewalk by placing thereon, any wood, timber or other thing, and showing the same to remain more than twenty-four hours, shall pay a fine of one [illegible] each day such obstruction shall remain.

7. That any grocer Bark eeper, or other person engaged in the sale of spiritous liquors, who shall sell or give away, any spiritous or malt liquors on the Sabbath day shall pay a fine of one dollar for each such offence.

8 That any person who shall ride or hitch any horse, or other animal upon any sidewalk in said Town shall pay for each offence one dollar.

9. That all persons residing within the limits of said town be and they are hereby required to return to the Mayor, on or before the 15th day of June, a full and complete list of all subjects of taxation under the ordinances, and upon failure to list the same shall be liable to pay a double tax.

10. That in default of the payment of any fine due for the violation of any of the Town ordinances, the person or persons so defaulting may be imprisoned not more than thirty days at the discretion of the Mayor. Provided that they may be released at any time upon payment of the fine and costs.

11. That any person or persons who shall retail spirituous Liquors within said incorporation except those who obtain a regular license shall pay a fine of twenty five dollars for each offence, one half recovered to go to the informer.

12. That these ordinances shall go into effect, ten days from day of publication.

13. That all persons having claims due from the Town of Rutherfordton, be and they are hereby required, to present the same duly authenticated, before the Commissioners of said Town, to be audited and passed upon, before such claim shall be paid.

14. That the regular meeting of the Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton shall be on the first Thursday in each month.

15. That for the purpose of raising sufficient revenue to defray the necessary expenses and for making repairs in said Town, the following tax be levied, and collected on the subjects of taxation mentioned below, viz:

Real and Personal Property (subject to exemption of two hundred dollars of household & kitchen furniture.)—15 cents on the	$100
Lawyers,	$3.00
Physicians,	3.00
Circus or Menagerie,	25.00
Side Shows,	5.00
Slight of hand performers,	10.00
Magic Lantern, Lecturers or other exhibitions for pay,	5.00
Itinerant Auctioneers,	5.00
Silver Smiths and Jewelers,	2.50
Itinerant, "	5.00
Dentists resident,	2.50
" Itinerant,	5.00
Retailers of Spiritous Liquors,	40.00
Balling Alleys,	10.00
Dry Good Stores,	5.00
Daguerrean or Photographic artists	5.00
Tailor shops,	2.50
Blacksmith shops,	2.50
Wagon and Carriage Shops,	2.50
Cabinet Shops,	[illegible]
Printing Offices,	5.00
Insurance Agents, Life or Fire,	2.50
Tan Yards,	2.50
Hotels,	2.50
Boot and Shoe Shops,	2.50
Harness and Sadle Shops,	2.50
Tin Shops,	2.50
Every Dog over 6 months old,	.25
Every Itinerant retail dealer in Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Guns, Tobacco, or Tin Ware, not the growth or manufacture of Rutherford County,	5.00
Clerk of Superior Court,	[illegible]
Register of Deeds,	[illegible]
County Treasurer,	[illegible]

16. That these ordinances are passed and declared this 27th day of May, 1869.

R. W. LOGAN, Mayor

Test:
A. D K. WALLACE, Town Clerk

ALL kinds of STATIONARIES, and in fact everything else usually found in a Variety Store, can be found at JONES & BRYAN'S
mch.25tf